



MAZATROL M32 PARAMETERS



Introduction

This text describes the meaning and setting of various parameters used for the MAZATROL M-32. Read this list carefully in order to make the best use of the possibilities of the MAZATROL M-32.

It is advisable to consult the Operating manual as required.

Notes:

1. It is prohibited to partially or completely transcribe, reproduce or modify this manual.
2. This manual will be subject to change without notice.
3. In the case where you find a doubtful point, an error or omission in this manual which was prepared with careful attention, please send your suggestions to our service center.

Documents that accompany the product

Standard

- Operating manual for MAZATROL M-32
- Programming manual for MAZATROL M-32
- Parameter list (This Text)
- Alarm list

Option

- Programming manual for MAZATROL M-32 EIA/ISO
- Programming manual for 3-D processing
- Programming manual for five-surface machining
- CPU-LINK communication software preparation procedure
- Operating manual for MAZATROL CAM32-A system
- Operating manual for MAZATROL EDITOR



Preliminary remarks

Parameters, which refer to constants specific to the NC machines and equipment and the data necessary for cutting operations, possess a very important meaning. Parameters can be broadly divided into the following three types according to their meaning:

(1) Cutting condition parameters

Cutting condition parameters are the constants that are used to automatically set the cutting conditions (circumferential speed and feed rate) during program creation.

(2) User parameters

The data needed for point-, line-, and face-machining data, constants related to data input/output etc. are registered.

(3) Machine parameters

Constants related to the servo motors and spindle motors, machine status data etc. are registered.

See 4-8 PARAMETER display of the Operating Manual for the procedure for calling up the 19 displays used for the display and setting of parameter data.

Format of parameter tables

Each parameter table is written in the following format:

Classification of parameters Characters displayed at the lower left of the screen M: Valid for MAZATROL program
E: Valid for EIA/ISO program

Classification		Display title		
Address	Name		Program type	Description
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	

Parameter name displayed on the screen Units of data displayed Allowable range of data Conditions under which a changed parameter becomes valid Details or meaning of the parameter

[IF ANY PORTION OF ADDRESS MARKED WITH (*) IT IS ONLY FOR M-32A MODEL]

Precautions:

- ① Details of the parameters may differ according to the machine used, the presence/absence of an option(s), the production time of the NC machines and equipment, etc. Therefore, do not use the parameters of external machines.
- ② The parameter list is supplied in the form of data sheets within the NC heavy-duty power panel at shipment of the machines. Be careful not to lose the list.
- ③ Before making changes to details of a parameter, make sure that the parameter is the one to be changed.
- ④ If details of the parameter to be changed cannot be clearly understood, contact your MAZAK service center before making the changes.
- ⑤ When changing details of a parameter, maintain records of the old and new data.
- ⑥ If the particular machine is not used for a long time, then the battery to protect the parameter memory will run down. (Battery alarm)
In that case, errors will occur in the parameters and thus machine malfunctions may result. To prevent this, first check the existing details of the parameters closely against the separate parameter list and then make the necessary changes to the parameters.
- ⑦ In addition to the parameters listed in this document, those related to PLC (Programmable Logic Controller), are also available; refer to the Machine Operating Manual for details of PLC-related parameters and the PLC Parameter List accompanying the electric wiring diagram.

Cutting condition parameters:

When the PARAMETER display is selected, the CUT COND. PARAM display will appear as shown below. On this display, set the data that should be used for automatical setting of the cutting conditions according to special materials which have been specified for the common unit on the WK PROGRAM display.

MATERIAL	STANDARD		DRILL	REAMER	TAP	BOR BAR	MILLCUT
MAT-1	→→	C-SP (%)	255	255	255	255	255
		FR (%)					
MAT-2	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					
MAT-3	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					
MAT-4	→→ ②	C-SP (%)			③		
		FR (%)					
MAT-5	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					
MAT-6	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					
MAT-7	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					
MAT-8	→→	C-SP (%)					
		FR (%)					

①
... CUT COND. PARAM ...

CUTTING COND.	USER	MACHINE				PREVIOUS PAGE	NEXT PAGE

Note: Values shown above denote the maximum value of each type of data.

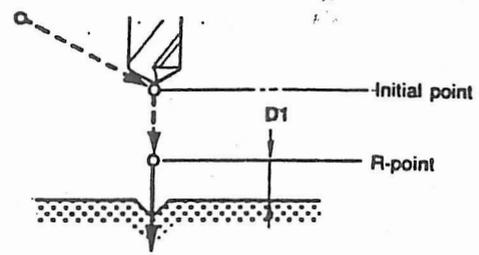
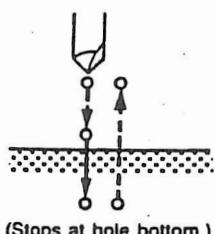
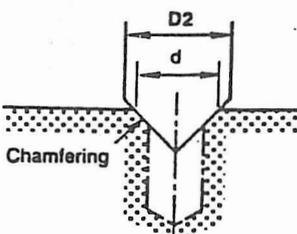
Description of display data

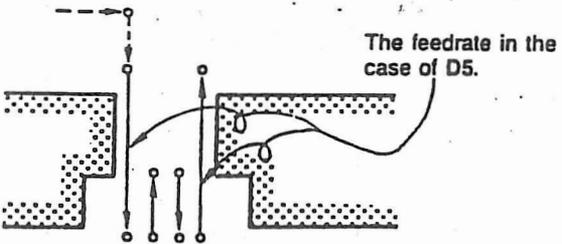
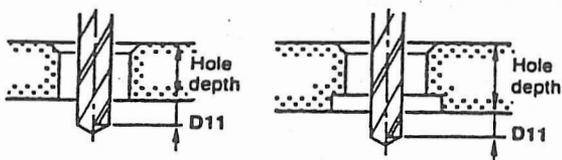
No.	Data name	Unit	Description																																												
1	MATERIAL		This data corresponds to OTHERS No. 1 through 8, which are to be set for MAT of the common unit.																																												
2	STANDARD		Select one of CST IRN, DUC-CI, CBN STL, ALY STL, STAINLS, ALMINUM and CPR-ALY that best matches the material of the work to be machined.																																												
3	DRILL REAMER TAP BOR BAR (BACK BORING) MILL CUT (FACEMILL ENDMILL)	%	<p>Set the rate (%) of the cutting conditions most appropriate for the special material to the cutting conditions which are automatically set for the selected material code.</p> <p>Example</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>MATERIAL</th> <th>STANDARD</th> <th>=</th> <th>DRILL</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>MAT-1 →→</td> <td>CBN STL</td> <td>C-SP (%)</td> <td>120</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>FR (%)</td> <td>80</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>When setting is done as shown above, the program will automatically set the cutting conditions as follows:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>UNO</th> <th>MAT</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>CBN STL</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>C-SP</td> <td>FR</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>20</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>UNO</th> <th>MAT</th> <th></th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>MAT-1</td> <td>$(20 \times \frac{120}{100})$</td> <td>$(0.2 \times \frac{80}{100})$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>C-SP</td> <td>FR</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>24</td> <td>0.16</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	MATERIAL	STANDARD	=	DRILL	MAT-1 →→	CBN STL	C-SP (%)	120			FR (%)	80	UNO	MAT			0	CBN STL			SNO	TOOL	C-SP	FR	1	DRILL	20	0.2	UNO	MAT			0	MAT-1	$(20 \times \frac{120}{100})$	$(0.2 \times \frac{80}{100})$	SNO	TOOL	C-SP	FR	1	DRILL	24	0.16
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			<p>Note: If cutting condition calculation is performed irrespectively of the material of the work, then this data will become invalid for software reasons.</p>																																												

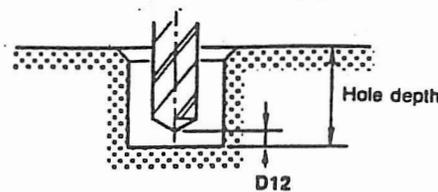
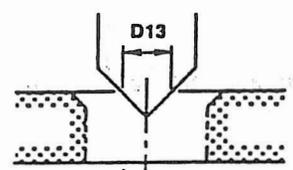
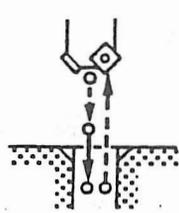
Classification		Cutting conditions		Display title		CUT COND. PARAM NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
A1 ⌋ A108	—		M		Arithmetic constant used to automatically set the cutting conditions (circumferential speed and feed rate) for MAZATROL program.		
	—	—	Immediate		Note: Details of these parameters are not released to the public.		

Classification		Cutting conditions		Display title		CUT COND. PARAM NO. 2	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
B1 ⌋ B108	—		M		Arithmetic constant used to automatically set the cutting conditions (circumferential speed and feed rate) for MAZATROL program.		
	—	—	Immediate		Note: Details of these parameters are not released to the public.		

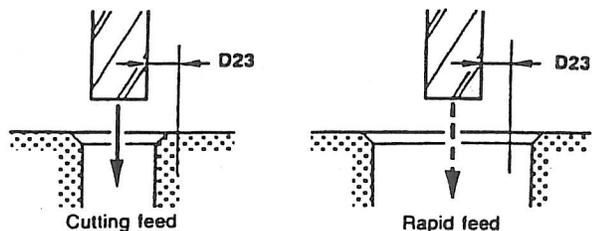
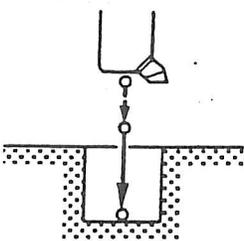
Classification		Cutting conditions		Display title		CUT COND. PARAM NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
C1 ⌋ C52	—		M		Arithmetic constant used to automatically set the cutting conditions (circumferential speed and feed rate) for MAZATROL program.		
	—	—	Immediate		Note: Details of these parameters are not released to the public.		
C53 ⌋ C108	—		M		Arithmetic constant used to automatically set thrust (THR.) and horsepower (HP) on the TOOL DATA display.		
	—	—	Immediate		Note: Details of these parameters are not released to the public.		

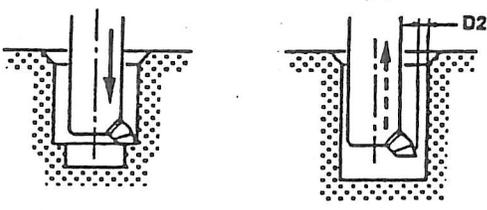
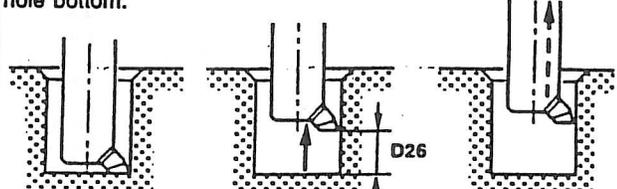
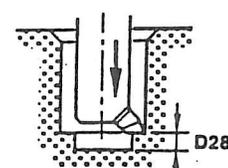
Classification		USER		Display title		POINT CUTTING PARAMETER													
Address	Name		Program type		Description														
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																
D1	Height of the second R-point of the drill		M		<p>Height of the next R-point of the drill after pilot-drilling with a spot-machining tool or a drill.</p>  <p>Note: Valid only when bit 6 of D91 is 1.</p>														
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																
D2	Nominal diameter of spot-machining tool		M		<p>The nominal diameter of a spot-machining tool that is automatically set during automatic tool development.</p> <p>Example:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="826 851 1404 978"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-#</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-#</td> <td>HOLE-DEP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>CTR-DR</td> <td>20</td> <td></td> <td>10</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: right;">D2</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.	HOLE-#	HOLE-DEP	1	CTR-DR	20		10	
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.				HOLE-#	HOLE-DEP										
1	CTR-DR	20		10															
1 mm 0.1 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																	
D3	Spot-machining hole bottom dwell element		M		<p>Z-axis feed dwell time at the hole bottom in a spot-machining cycle. Set this time in spindle revolutions.</p>  <p>(Stops at hole bottom.)</p> <p>When the spot-machining tool reaches the hole bottom, the Z-axis will firstly stop moving until the spindle makes D3 revolutions, and then return to the original position at the rapid feedrate.</p>														
	1 revolution	0 - 9	Immediate																
D4	Maximum allowable spot-chamfering hole diameter element		M		<p>Element used to set the maximum spot-chamfering hole diameter (d) during automatic tool development.</p>  <p>Spot-chamfering occurs if $d \leq D2 - D4$. If $d > D2 - D4$, the chamfering cutter is developed automatically.</p>														
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																

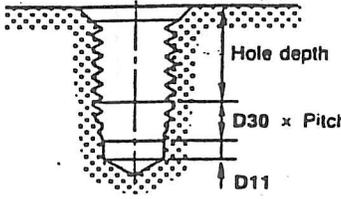
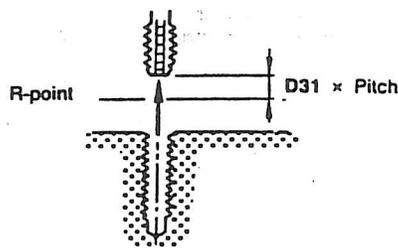
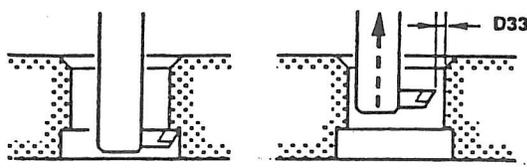
Classification		USER		Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER												
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D5	Prehole through speed during inversed spot-facing		M	<p>The feedrate of a tool as it is being passed through the prehole during an inversed spot-facing cycle. Note: 0.5 mm/rev if this parameter setting is 0.</p> 													
	100 mm/min 10 inch/min	0 - 99	Immediate														
D6	Drill-machining cycle setting element		M	<p>Element used to automatically set drill-machining cycles during automatic tool development.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="768 766 1371 1000"> <thead> <tr> <th>Machining cycle</th> <th>Conditions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Drilling cycle</td> <td>$\frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}} \leq D6$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>High-speed deep-hole drilling cycle</td> <td>$D6 < \frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}} \leq D7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deep-hole drilling cycle</td> <td>$D7 < \frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Machining cycle	Conditions	Drilling cycle	$\frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}} \leq D6$	High-speed deep-hole drilling cycle	$D6 < \frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}} \leq D7$	Deep-hole drilling cycle	$D7 < \frac{\text{Hole depth}}{\text{Hole diameter}}$				
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D7	Drill-machining cycle setting element		M	<table border="1" data-bbox="768 1138 1371 1330"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of drills developed</th> <th>Conditions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Bore diameter $\leq D8$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Alarm</td> <td>$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Number of drills developed	Conditions	1	Bore diameter $\leq D8$	2	$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$	3	$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$	Alarm	$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$		
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D8	Maximum diameter of holes machinable on one drill		M	<p>Element used to automatically set the number of drills which are automatically developed according to the bore diameter of the drill unit.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="768 1138 1371 1330"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of drills developed</th> <th>Conditions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Bore diameter $\leq D8$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Alarm</td> <td>$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Number of drills developed	Conditions	1	Bore diameter $\leq D8$	2	$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$	3	$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$	Alarm	$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$		
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D10	Maximum diameter of holes machinable on three drills		M	<table border="1" data-bbox="768 1138 1371 1330"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of drills developed</th> <th>Conditions</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Bore diameter $\leq D8$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Alarm</td> <td>$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Number of drills developed	Conditions	1	Bore diameter $\leq D8$	2	$D8 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D9$	3	$D9 < \text{Bore diameter} \leq D10$	Alarm	$D10 < \text{Bore diameter}$		
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1 mm 0.1 inch	0 - 99	Immediate															
D11	Through-hole/tap-prehole machining overshoot		M	<p>Element used to automatically set the hole-drilling, endmilling, and boring depths during automatic tool development of inversed spot-facing, tapping, back-boring, through-hole drilling, through-hole counter-boring, and spot-faced tapping units.</p>  <p>Example:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="768 1723 1371 1787"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-ø</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-ø</th> <th>HOLE-DEP</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td>10.</td> <td>10.</td> <td>(21.)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: See also parameter D30 for tapping units.</p>		SNO	TOOL	NOM-ø	NO.	HOLE-ø	HOLE-DEP	1	DRILL	10.	10.	10.	(21.)
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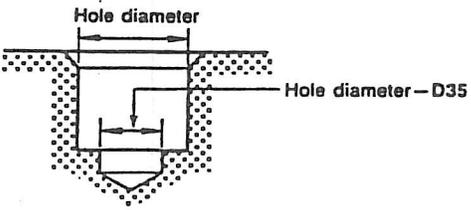
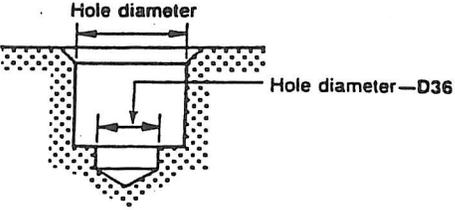
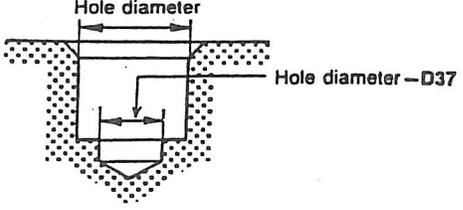
Classification		USER		Display title		POINT CUTTING PARAMETER													
Address	Name		Program type		Description														
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																
D12	Stop-hole machining hole-bottom clearance		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the hole-drilling depth during automatic tool development of stop-hole counter-boring and stop-hole boring units.</p>  <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-ø</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-ø</td> <td>HOLE-DEP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> <td>19.</td> </tr> </table> <p>(Hole depth - tool tip compensation - D12)</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-ø	NO.	HOLE-ø	HOLE-DEP	1	DRILL	10.		10.	19.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-ø	NO.				HOLE-ø	HOLE-DEP										
1	DRILL	10.		10.	19.														
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																
D13	Spot-machining hole diameter (fixed value)		M		<p>Hole diameter is automatically set during automatic tool development when spot-chamfering is not to be performed.</p>  <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-ø</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-ø</td> <td>HOLE-DEP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>CTR-DR</td> <td>20.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> <td>♦</td> </tr> </table> <p>D13</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-ø	NO.	HOLE-ø	HOLE-DEP	1	CTR-DR	20.		10.	♦
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-ø	NO.				HOLE-ø	HOLE-DEP										
1	CTR-DR	20.		10.	♦														
	1 mm 0.1 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																
D14	Depth-of-cut setting element for drilling (ALMINUM)		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the depth-of-cut-per drilling operation during automatic tool development.</p> <p>HOLE-ø × D14 : (when the material of the stock work is aluminum)</p> <p>HOLE-ø × D15 : (when the material of the stock work is other than aluminum)</p>														
	0.1	0 - 10	Immediate																
D15	Depth-of-cut setting element for drilling (except ALMINUM)		M		<p>HOLE-ø × D15 : (when the material of the stock work is other than aluminum)</p>														
	0.1	0 - 10	Immediate																
D16	Hole-bottom dwell setting element for chamfering cutter		M		<p>Z-axis feed dwell time at the hole bottom in a chamfering cutter machining cycle. Set this time in spindle revolutions.</p>  <p>When the chamfering cutter reaches the hole bottom, the Z-axis will firstly stop moving until the spindle makes D16 revolutions, and then return to the original position at the rapid feedrate.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is invalid for chamfering with true-circle processing.</p> <p>(Stops at hole bottom.)</p>														
		1 revolution	0 - 9	Immediate															

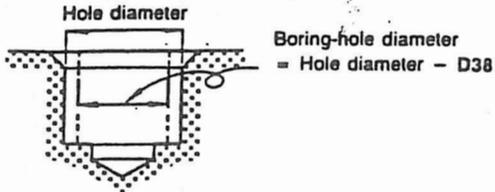
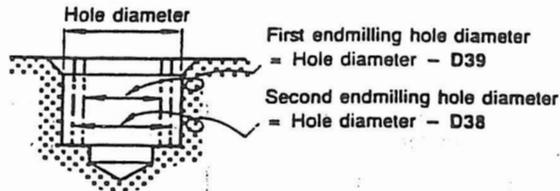
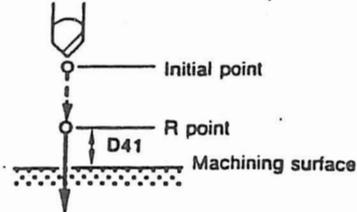
Classification		USER	Display title		POINT CUTTING PARAMETER																				
Address	Name		Program type		Description																				
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																						
D17	Interference clearance of chamfering cutter		M		<p>The clearance to ensure the tool not contact with a wall of the work or with the hole bottom during a chamfering cycle.</p>																				
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																						
D18	Return feedrate for reaming or boring (cycle 3)		M		<p>The feedrate at which the tool is returned from the hole bottom during reaming or boring.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Valid only when the setting for the depth of cut by the reamer (tool sequence) is G01. Valid only when the setting for prehole diameter of the boring (tool sequence) is CYCLE 3. If this parameter is 0, the tool is returned at the same feedrate as that of cutting. 																				
	100 mm/min 10 inch/min	0 - 9	Immediate																						
D19	Hole-bottom dwell setting element for endmilling		M		<p>Z-axis feed dwell time at the hole bottom in an endmilling cycle. Set this time in spindle revolutions.</p> <p>When the endmilling tool reaches the hole bottom, the Z-axis will firstly stop moving until the spindle makes D19 revolutions, and then return to the original position at the rapid feedrate.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is invalid for true-circle processing.</p> <p>(Stops at hole bottom.)</p>																				
	1 revolution	0 - 9	Immediate																						
D20	Radial depth-of-cut setting element for endmilling		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the radial depth-of-cut per endmilling operation.</p> <p>Depth-of-cut = nominal diameter × D20</p> <p>Depth-of-cut is automatically set according to the value of this parameter when nominal diameter of the endmilling tool is input.</p> <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-φ</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-φ</th> <th>HOLE-DEP</th> <th>PRE-DIA</th> <th>PRE-DEP</th> <th>RGH</th> <th>DEPTH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>E-MILL</td> <td>20.</td> <td></td> <td>40.</td> <td>10.</td> <td>30.</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>12</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>(NOM-φ = D20)</p>	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP	PRE-DIA	PRE-DEP	RGH	DEPTH	1	E-MILL	20.		40.	10.	30.	0	0	12
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.		HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP	PRE-DIA	PRE-DEP	RGH	DEPTH														
1	E-MILL	20.		40.	10.	30.	0	0	12																
1%	0 - 100	Immediate																							

Classification		USER		Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER																	
Address	Name		Program type	Description																		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																			
D21	Reference bottom-finishing allowance for endmilling		M	<p>The reference value for calculation of a bottom-finishing allowance which corresponds to the roughness of the endmilling (tool sequence). The finishing allowance in the case of roughness level 4 becomes the value of this parameter, and the values for all other roughness levels are set using the expressions listed in the table below.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Roughness</th> <th>Bottom-finishing allowance</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td rowspan="3">0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>D21</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>$D21 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Roughness	Bottom-finishing allowance	0	0.0	1	3	4	D21	5	$D21 \times 0.7$	6	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	7	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	8	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	9	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$
	Roughness	Bottom-finishing allowance																				
0	0.0																					
1																						
3																						
4	D21																					
5	$D21 \times 0.7$																					
6	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																					
7	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																					
8	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																					
9	$D21 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																					
	0.1 mm 0.01 Inch	0 ~ 99	Immediate																			
D22	Tapping-cycle dwell time		M	<p>Dwell time at the hole bottom or at the R-point. This value is valid when 1 is set for bit 0, 1 or 2 of parameter D91.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is valid only when the setting for roughness of tapping (tool sequence) is FIX.</p>																		
	0.01 sec.	0 ~ 99	Immediate																			
D23	Prehole clearance for endmilling		M	<p>The excess amount of prehole diameter over nominal diameter that is used to specify whether the Z-axis is to be moved at a rapid feedrate or at a cutting feedrate during true-circle processing with the endmill.</p> 																		
	1 mm 0.01 inch	0 ~ 99	Immediate																			
D24	Hole-bottom dwell setting element for boring		M	<p>Z-axis feed dwell time at the hole bottom in a boring cycle. Set this time in spindle revolutions.</p>  <p>(Stops at hole bottom)</p> <p>When the boring bar reaches the hole bottom, the Z-axis will firstly stop moving until the spindle makes D24 revolutions, and then the spindle orientation will be performed.</p>																		
	1 revolution	0 ~ 9	Immediate																			

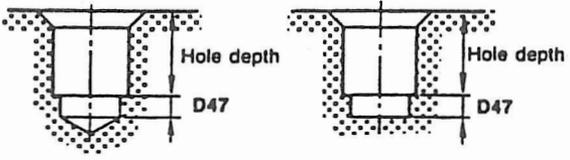
Classification		USER		Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
D25	Boring-bar tip relief		M	<p>The amount of relief provided for the tip of a boring bar to be kept clear of the hole wall after spindle orientation.</p>  <p>During boring During returning</p> <p>Notes: 1. Valid only when the setting for the prehole diameter of the boring (tool sequence) is CYCLE 1. 2. For the relief direction of the tool tip, see the description of bit 3 and bit 4 of I14.</p>	
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate		
D26	Boring or back-boring hole-bottom return		M	<p>The distance the boring or back-boring tool is returned at the same feedrate as that existing after the tool has reached the hole bottom.</p>  <p>① Has reached the hole bottom. ② Returned at the same feedrate. ③ Returned at a rapid feedrate.</p> <p>Note: Not valid if the setting for the roughness of the boring (tool sequence) is 1.</p>	
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate		
D27				Invalid	
D28	Bottom-finishing amount of boring		M	<p>The distance the boring bar is fed in at 70% of the original feedrate to finish the hole bottom.</p>  <p>The feedrate is reduced to 70% of the original value before the hole bottom is reached. Note: Not valid if the setting for the roughness of the boring (tool sequence) is 1.</p>	
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate		
D29	Chip removal time		M	<p>The time required for a chip removal tool to complete a chip removal operation after the tool has been positioned at the hole bottom.</p>	
	1 sec.	0 - 99	Immediate		

Classification		USER		Display title		POINT CUTTING PARAMETER													
Address	Name		Program type		Description														
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																
D30	Number of incomplete threads in tapping cycle		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the hole-drilling depths during automatic tool development for tapping unit.</p>  <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-φ</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-φ</th> <th>HOLE-DEP</th> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> <td>19.</td> </tr> </table> <p>[Hole depth + D11 + (D30 × pitch)]</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP	1	DRILL	10.		10.	19.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.				HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP										
1	DRILL	10.		10.	19.														
	1 thread	0 - 9	Immediate																
D31	Tapper elongation amount of tap		M		<p>Excess amount of tool return due to elongation of the taper during a tapping cycle. Set this value in spindle revolutions.</p> 														
		1 revolution	0 - 9	Immediate															
D32	Number of spindle revolutions until spindle CCW rotation begins in tapping cycle		M		<p>The number of inertial turns in tapping cycle that the spindle has rotated clockwise during the time from output of a spindle CCW rotation command to the start of spindle CCW rotation.</p>														
		1 revolution	0 - 99	Immediate															
D33	Back-boring tool tip relief		M		<p>The amount of relief provided for a back-boring tool tip to be kept clear of the prehole walls as it is being passed through the prehole in the oriented state of the spindle.</p>  <p>① During back-boring ② During passage</p> <p>Note: For the relief direction of the tool tip, see the description of bit 3 and bit 4 of I14.</p>														
		0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 99	Immediate															
D34					Invalid														

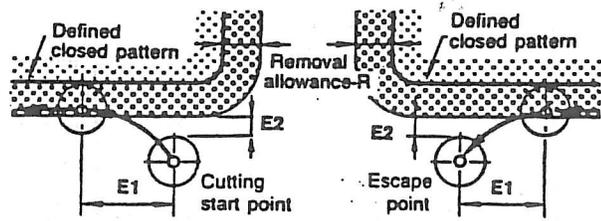
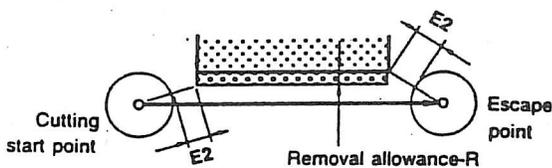
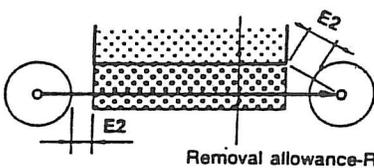
Classification		USER		Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER										
Address	Name		Program type	Description											
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions												
D35	Prehole-drilling diameter setting element for reamer drilling		M	Element used to automatically set the prehole-machining diameter during automatic tool development of the reamer unit. (When the pre-machining process is drilling)  Example: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-φ</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-φ</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (Hole diameter - D35)		SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	1	DRILL	10.		10.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ			NO.	HOLE-φ								
1	DRILL	10.		10.											
0.1 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate													
D36	Prehole-drilling diameter setting element for reamer boring		M	Element used to automatically set the prehole-machining diameter during automatic tool development of the reamer unit. (When the pre-machining process is boring)  Example: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-φ</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-φ</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (Hole diameter - D36)		SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	1	DRILL	10.		10.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ			NO.	HOLE-φ								
1	DRILL	10.		10.											
0.1 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate													
D37	Prehole-drilling diameter setting element for reamer endmilling		M	Element used to automatically set the prehole-machining diameter during automatic tool development of the reamer unit. (When the pre-machining process is endmilling)  Example: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-φ</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>HOLE-φ</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> (Hole diameter - D37)		SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	1	DRILL	10.		10.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ			NO.	HOLE-φ								
1	DRILL	10.		10.											
0.01 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate													

Classification		USER		Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER															
Address	Name		Program type	Description																
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																	
D38	Reamer-prehole diameter setting element for boring or endmilling		M	(1) In automatic tool development of the reamer unit, if the pre-machining process is boring:  Example: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-#</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-#</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>BOR BAR</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> </tr> </table> (Hole diameter - D38)		SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.	HOLE-#	1	BOR BAR	10.		10.					
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.	HOLE-#															
1	BOR BAR	10.		10.																
	0.01 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																	
D39	Reamer-prehole diameter setting element for endmilling		M	(2) In automatic tool development of the reamer unit, if the pre-machining process is endmilling:  Example: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-#</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-#</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>E-MILL</td> <td>15.</td> <td></td> <td>20.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>E-MILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>21.</td> </tr> </table> (Hole diameter - D39) (Hole diameter - D38)		SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.	HOLE-#	1	E-MILL	15.		20.	2	E-MILL	10.		21.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-#	NO.	HOLE-#															
1	E-MILL	15.		20.																
2	E-MILL	10.		21.																
	0.01 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																	
D40	Spot-faced hole bottom dwell element for inversed spot-facing		M	Z-axis feed dwell time at the spot-faced hole bottom in an inversed spot-facing cycle. Set this time in spindle revolutions.  When the inversed spot-facing tool reaches the hole bottom, firstly the Z-axis will stop moving until the spindle makes D40 revolutions, and then the rotational direction of the spindle will reverse. (Feeding stops at hole bottom.)																
		1 revolution	0 - 9	Immediate																
D41	R-point height during point-machining		M	R-point height of each tool in the point-machining unit. Example:  Notes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> For the inversed spot-facing unit or the back-boring unit, this parameter can also be used for setting the clearance amount at the hole bottom. For the drilling unit, see D1 also. 																
		1 mm 0.1 inch	0 - 99	Immediate																

Classification	USER	Display title	POINT CUTTING PARAMETER
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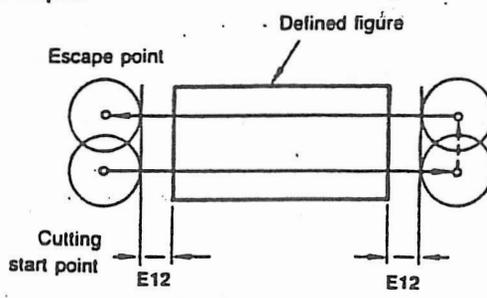
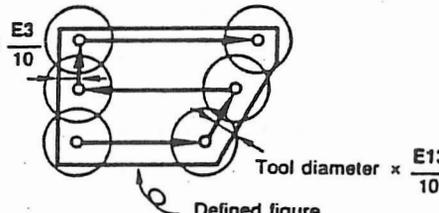
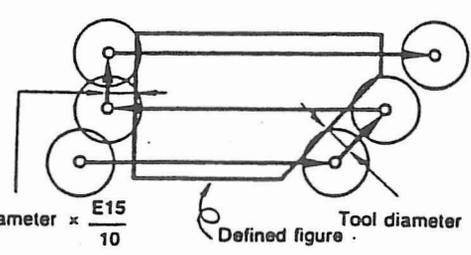
Address	Name		Program type	Description												
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions													
D42 ┆ D46				Invalid												
D47	Reamer-prehole machining overshoot		M	<p>Element used to automatically set the hole depth of drilling, endmilling and boring during automatic tool development of the reamer unit.</p>  <p>For drilling For endmilling or boring</p> <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>SNO</td> <td>TOOL</td> <td>NOM-φ</td> <td>NO.</td> <td>HOLE-φ</td> <td>HOLE-DEP</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>DRILL</td> <td>10.</td> <td></td> <td>10.</td> <td>21.</td> </tr> </table> <p>(Hole depth + D47)</p>	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ	NO.	HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP	1	DRILL	10.		10.	21.
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-φ		NO.	HOLE-φ	HOLE-DEP									
1	DRILL	10.		10.	21.											
	0.01 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate													
D48 ┆ D90				Invalid												
D91	-		M	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p>(1: Execution, 0: No execution)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> M04 is output after the tool has dwelled at the hole bottom during a tapping cycle. The tool dwells after M04 has been output at the hole bottom during a tapping cycle. The tool dwells after it has been returned to the R-point during a tapping cycle. The finishing tool path is shortened during a true-circle processing cycle (endmilling). The tool path is shortened during a true-circle processing cycle (chamfering). The R-point height of the drill is set as D1. 	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0				
	7	6	5		4	3	2	1	0							
Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate														

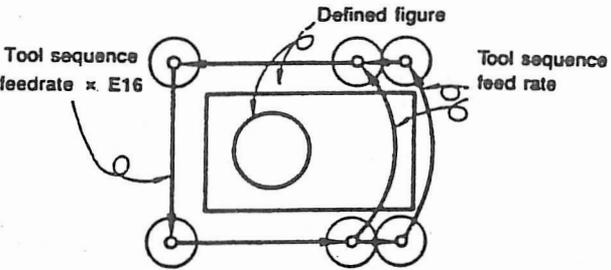
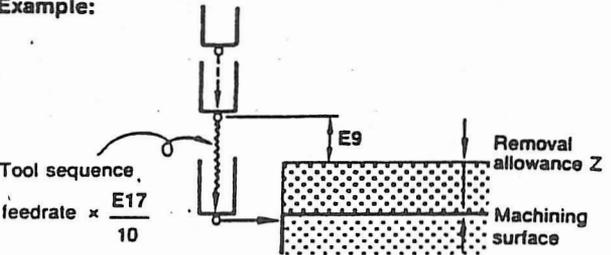
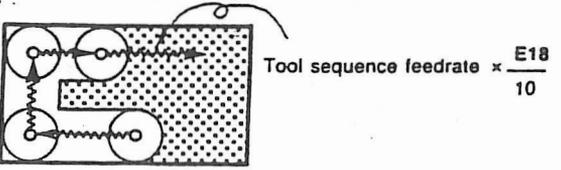
Classification		USER		Display title		POINT CUTTING PARAMETER	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
D92	—		M		<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0</div> </div> (1: Execution, 0: No execution) During a true-circle processing (endmilling) cycle, E17 is used for axial feed.		
	Bit	Binary	Immediate				
D93	—		M		Unidirectional positioning for point-machining <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0</div> </div> (1: Execution, 0: No execution) CTR-DR (Spot-machining tool) DRILL (Drill) REAM (Reamer) TAP (Tap) BK FACE (Inversed spot-facing tool) BOR BAR (Boring tool) B-B BAR (Back-boring tool) CHF-M (Chamfering cutter)		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
D94	—		M		Unidirectional positioning for point-machining <div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0</div> </div> (1: Execution, 0: No execution) E-MILL (Endmilling tool)		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
D95 D108					Invalid		

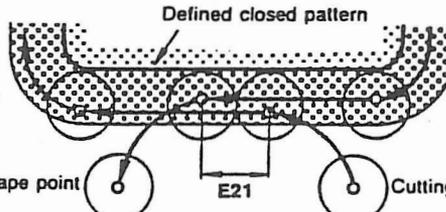
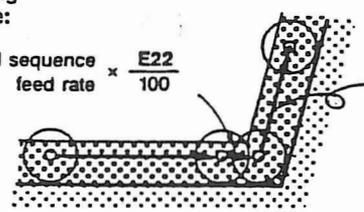
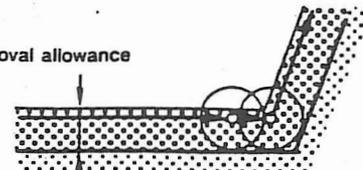
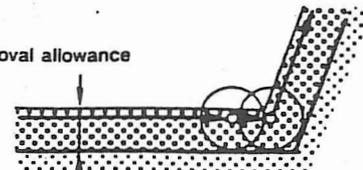
Classification		USER		Display title	LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR
Address	Name		Program type		Description
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
E1	Closed-pattern cutting start point and escape point setting element		M		<p>Element used to set the cutting start point and escape point for closed-pattern line- or face-machining.</p> <p>Example:</p>  <p>[Applicable units] • LINE OUT, LINE IN, CHMF OUT and CHMF IN • Wall finishing of STEP, POCKET, PKCT MT and PKCT VLY</p>
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 ~ 999	Immediate		
E2	Cutting start point and escape point setting element		M		<p>Element used to set the cutting start point and escape point for line- or face-machining.</p> <p>Example:</p> <p>Tool diameter/2 ≥ Removal allowance-R</p>  <p>Tool diameter < Removal allowance-R</p>  <p>[Applicable units] • All line-machining units • Face-machining units other than FACE MIL, TOP EMIL, and SLOT</p> <p>Notes: 1: See the diagram of parameter E1 also. 2: Positioning of E2 at the escape point can be selected using E95, but only for line-machining units.</p>
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 ~ 999	Immediate		
E3					Invalid

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR																	
Address	Name		Program type		Description																		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																				
E4	Reference allowance of finish in radial direction		M		<p>The reference value of each finish allowance R which is automatically set when the roughness levels of the line- or face-machining units have been set.</p> <p>The finish allowance R in the case of roughness level 4 becomes the value of this parameter, and the values for all other roughness levels are calculated using the expressions listed in the table below.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Roughness</th> <th>Finish allowance R</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 { 3</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>E4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>$E4 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Roughness	Finish allowance R	0 { 3	0.0	4	E4	5	$E4 \times 0.7$	6	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	7	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	8	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	9	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$
	Roughness	Finish allowance R																					
0 { 3	0.0																						
4	E4																						
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6	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																						
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8	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																						
9	$E4 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																				
E5					Invalid																		
E6	Reference allowance of finish in axial direction		M		<p>The reference value of each finish allowance Z which is automatically set when the roughness levels of the line- or face-machining units have been set.</p> <p>The finish allowance Z in the case of roughness level 4 becomes the value of this parameter, and the values for all other roughness levels are calculated using the expressions listed in the table below.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Roughness</th> <th>Finish allowance Z</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 { 3</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>E6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>$E6 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Roughness	Finish allowance Z	0 { 3	0.0	4	E6	5	$E6 \times 0.7$	6	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	7	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	8	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$	9	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$
	Roughness	Finish allowance Z																					
0 { 3	0.0																						
4	E6																						
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8	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																						
9	$E6 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7 \times 0.7$																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																				
E7					Invalid																		

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR																					
Address	Name		Program type		Description																						
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																								
E8	Radial interference clearance of chamfering cutter		M		<p>The amount of clearance that ensures no interference of the chamfering cutter with the hole walls during face-machining.</p>																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 ~ 999	Immediate																								
E9	Allowance of axial-cutting start position		M		<p>Element used to set the position in which the cutting feed in axial direction is to be started after the line- or face-machining tool has been moved from the initial point toward the work at a rapid feedrate. Example:</p>																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 ~ 999	Immediate																								
E10	Depth-of-cut-R automatic setting element (Face milling, Endmilling-top, Endmilling-relief)		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the radial depth-of-cut of the tool sequence in FACE MIL, TOP EMIL or STEP unit.</p> <p>Radial depth-of-cut = $\frac{\text{Nominal diameter} \times E10}{10}$</p> <p>Example:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-d</th> <th>NQ</th> <th>APRCH-X</th> <th>APRCH-Y</th> <th>TYPE</th> <th>ZFD</th> <th>DEP-Z</th> <th>WID-R</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>R1</td> <td>F-MILL</td> <td>100.A</td> <td>?</td> <td>?</td> <td></td> <td>XBI</td> <td>o</td> <td>1.</td> <td>70</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Nominal diameter = E10 10</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-d	NQ	APRCH-X	APRCH-Y	TYPE	ZFD	DEP-Z	WID-R	R1	F-MILL	100.A	?	?		XBI	o	1.	70
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-d	NQ				APRCH-X	APRCH-Y	TYPE	ZFD	DEP-Z	WID-R														
R1	F-MILL	100.A	?	?		XBI	o	1.	70																		
10%	0 ~ 9	Immediate																									
E11	Axial interference clearance of chamfering cutter		M		<p>The amount of clearance that ensures no interference of the chamfering cutter with the hole bottom during chamfering.</p>																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	5 ~ 40	Immediate																								

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR																					
Address	Name		Program type		Description																						
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	Conditions																							
E12	Radial interference clearance of face milling unit		M		<p>The amount of clearance that ensures no contact between the tool and the figure during face milling. Example:</p> 																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																								
E13	Tool path setting element for endmilling-top unit		M		<p>Element used to set the tool path internal to the figure for endmilling-top unit. Example:</p> 																						
	10%	1 - 9	Immediate																								
E14	Depth-of-cut-R automatic setting element (Pocket milling, Pocket milling-relief, Pocket milling-hollow)		M		<p>Element used to automatically set the radial depth-of-cut of the tool sequence in POCKET, PCKT MT or PCKT VLY unit. Radial depth-of-cut = $\frac{\text{Nominal diameter} \times E14}{10}$ Example:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="779 1170 1396 1298"> <thead> <tr> <th>SNO</th> <th>TOOL</th> <th>NOM-s</th> <th>NO.</th> <th>APRCH-X</th> <th>APRCH-Y</th> <th>TYPE</th> <th>ZFD</th> <th>DEP-Z</th> <th>WID-R</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>R1</td> <td>E-MILL</td> <td>20.A</td> <td>?</td> <td>?</td> <td>?</td> <td>CW</td> <td>G01</td> <td>10</td> <td>12</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Nominal diameter = $\frac{E14}{10}$</p>			SNO	TOOL	NOM-s	NO.	APRCH-X	APRCH-Y	TYPE	ZFD	DEP-Z	WID-R	R1	E-MILL	20.A	?	?	?	CW	G01	10	12
	SNO	TOOL	NOM-s	NO.				APRCH-X	APRCH-Y	TYPE	ZFD	DEP-Z	WID-R														
R1	E-MILL	20.A	?	?	?	CW	G01	10	12																		
10%	0 - 9	Immediate																									
E15	Tool path setting element for face milling unit (reciprocating short)		M		<p>Element used to set the tool path external to the defined figure for reciprocating-short machining with face milling unit. Example:</p> 																						
	10%	1 - 9	immediate																								

Classification		USER		Display title	LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
E16	Peripheral-cutting feedrate override for endmilling-relief unit		M	<p>Override value of the idle-cutting feedrate at which tool of endmilling-relief unit is to be moved around the outer form of the work.</p> <p>Note: Valid only when bit 0 of E91 is 1 and bit 7 is 0.</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	—	1 - 20	Immediate		
E17	Axial-cutting feedrate override		M	<p>Override value of the feedrate at which the tool of a line- or face-machining unit (excluding face milling unit) is to be moved to the machining surface in an axial direction.</p> <p>Notes: 1. Valid only when ZFD of tool sequence is G01. 2. Feed overriding is invalid when this parameter is 0.</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	10%	0 - 9	Immediate		
E18	Pocket-machining across-the-width override		M	<p>Override value of the tool diameter (across-the-width) to which the pocket-machining radial depth-of-cut becomes equal.</p> 	
	10%	0 - 9	Immediate		

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR						
Address	Name		Program type		Description							
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions									
E19 E20					Invalid							
E21	Wall-cutting overlap in closed figure		M	The amount of overlap of the wall-cutting start and end areas in closed-pattern line- or face-machining. Example: 								
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate	[Applicable units] • LINE OUT, LINE IN, CHMF OUT and CHMF IN • Wall finishing of STEP, POCKET, PCKT MT, PCKT VLY and SLOT								
E22	Override value of automatic corner overriding		M	Override value of automatic corner overriding in line- or face-machining Example: 								
	1%	0 - 99	Immediate	Note: Automatic corner overriding is invalid when this parameter is 0. [Applicable units] LINE RGT, LINE LFT, LINE OUT, LINE IN, STEP, POCKET, PCKT MT and PCKT VLY								
E23	Effective removal allowance (upper limit) of automatic corner overriding		M	The range of removal allowances (upper and lower limits). The automatic corner overriding becomes valid when the following line- or face-machining conditions are met: $\text{Tool diameter} \times \frac{E24}{100} \leq \text{Removal allowance} \leq \text{Tool diameter} \times \frac{E23}{100}$								
	1%	1 - 99	Immediate	[Removal allowance] 								
E24	Effective removal allowance (lower limit) of automatic corner overriding		M									
	1%	1 - 99	Immediate	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Machining</th> <th>Removal allowance</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Line-roughmachining</td> <td>(Radial removal allowance) - (Radial finish allowance)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Face-roughmachining</td> <td>(Radial depth-of-cut)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Machining	Removal allowance	Line-roughmachining	(Radial removal allowance) - (Radial finish allowance)	Face-roughmachining
Machining	Removal allowance											
Line-roughmachining	(Radial removal allowance) - (Radial finish allowance)											
Face-roughmachining	(Radial depth-of-cut)											

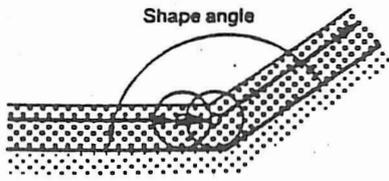
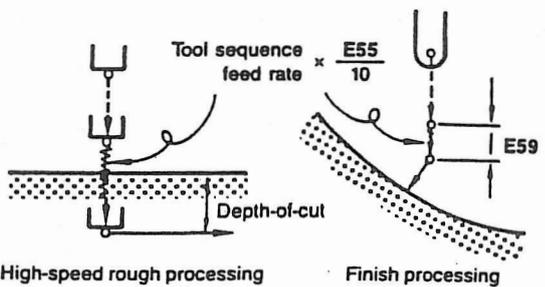
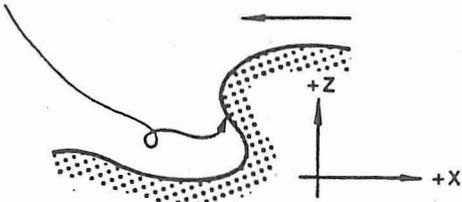
Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
E25	Effective angle (upper limit) of automatic corner overriding		M	<p>The shape angle range (upper limit). The automatic corner overriding becomes valid when the following line- or face-machining conditions are met: Shape angle \leq E25</p> 			
	1°	1 - 179	Immediate				
E26 E54				Invalid			
E55	3-D Axial cutting-feed overriding		M	<p>Feed overriding for cutting a work in an axial direction using a 3-D unit. Example:</p> 			
	10%	0 - 9	Immediate				
E56	3-D Inversion check of curved-surface pattern		M	<p>The parameter used to select whether or not an alarm message is to be displayed if the curved surface of a defined pattern points in the -Z direction (normally, processing becomes impossible). 0: No alarm 1: Alarm Example: The curved surface of a defined pattern points in the -Z direction.</p> 			
	-	0, 1	Immediate				
				<p>Note: This parameter is invalid during high-speed rough processing.</p>			

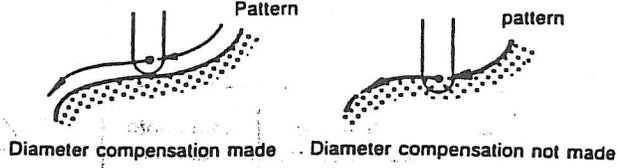
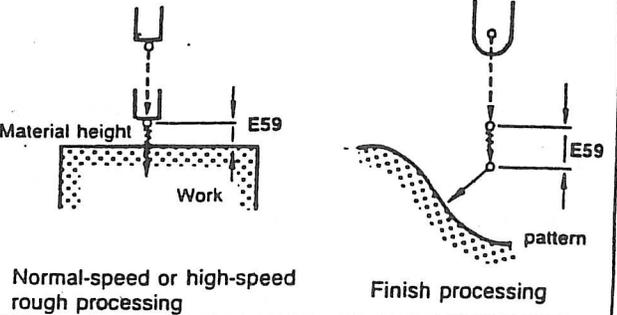
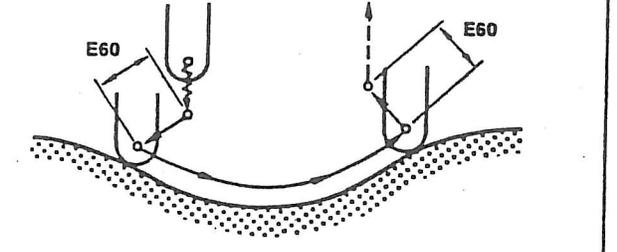
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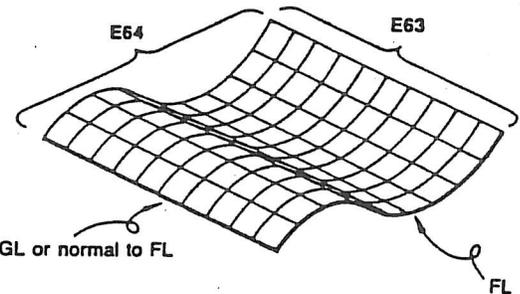
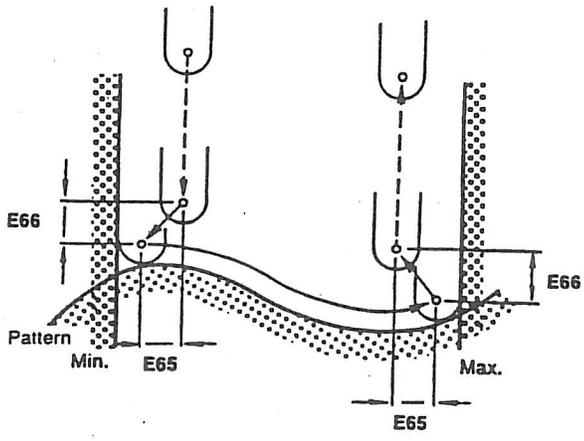
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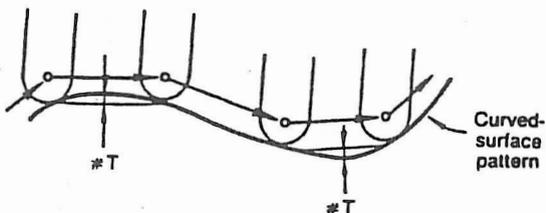
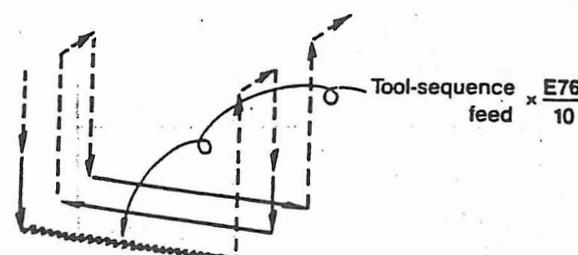
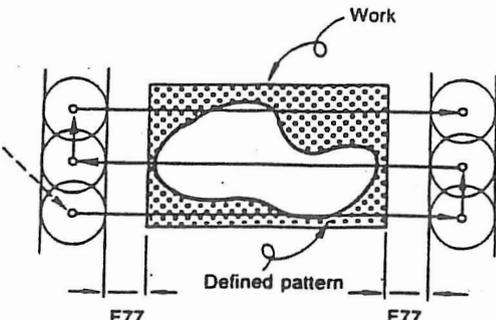
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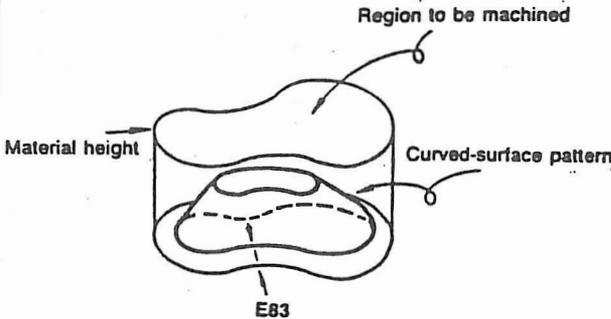
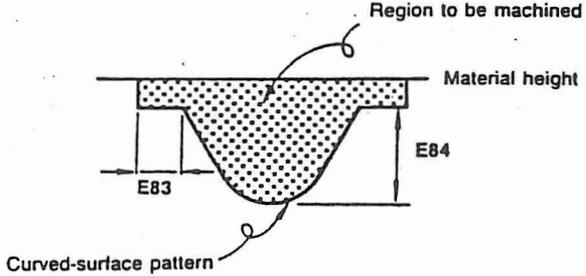
HIGH-CUTTING COMM

Mazak 19200
9800

Classification		USER		Display title	LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
E57	3-D Severity check of cutting pitch		M	<p>The parameter used to select whether or not processing is to be performed in strict accordance with the tool-sequence pitch data setting.</p> <p>0: The pitch setting is not strictly observed. 1: The pitch setting is strictly observed.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <p>1. This parameter is invalid during high-speed rough processing. 2. The operation time becomes long if this parameter is set to 1.</p>	
	—	0, 1	Immediate		
E58	3-D Tool-diameter compensation		M	<p>The parameter used to select whether or not 3-D tool-diameter compensation according to tool data is to be made for the curved surface of a defined pattern.</p> <p>0: Diameter compensation made 1: Diameter compensation not made</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	—	0, 1	Immediate		
E59	3-D Allowance of axial-cutting start position		M	<p>Element used to set the position in which the cutting feed in axial direction is to be started after the tool has been moved from the initial point toward the work at a rapid feedrate.</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate		
E60	3-D Normal cutting allowance		M	<p>The 3-D finish processing (cutting) allowance in the direction of the normal with respect to the defined pattern of the curved surface.</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate		

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
E61	3-D Search length for parallel cutting		M		<p>The length of a short line segment which determines the next approximation point for tool-path creation. Depending on the tool-sequence method selected: E61 is applicable for //1 or //2; or E62 is applicable for ⊥1 or ⊥2.</p> <p>The number of segments into which the defined pattern of a curved surface is to be divided for display of the curved-surface pattern on the PATH CHECK display. Example:</p>  <p>Note: This parameter is used for display of a curved-surface pattern, and thus the pattern displayed may slightly differ from the actual pattern of the curved surface to be machined.</p> <p>The allowance of cutting a work along the wall of the area which has been set using the area check function. Example:</p> 		
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate				
E62	3-D Search length for right-angle cutting		M				
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate				
E63	3-D Pattern display division segments (FL direction)		M				
	—	0 - 999	Immediate				
E64	3-D Pattern display division segments (GL direction)		M				
	—	0 - 999	Immediate				
E65	3-D Radial cutting allowance for area check		M				
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate				
E66	3-D Axial cutting allowance for area check		M				
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate				

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR																					
Address	Name		Program type		Description																						
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																								
E67 ┌ E75	3-D Processing error tolerance		M		<p>That processing error tolerance with respect to a curved-surface pattern which corresponds to a #T setting (1 through 9) of the tool sequence.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>#T</th> <th>1</th> <th>2</th> <th>3</th> <th>4</th> <th>5</th> <th>6</th> <th>7</th> <th>8</th> <th>9</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Address</td> <td>E67</td> <td>E68</td> <td>E69</td> <td>E70</td> <td>E71</td> <td>E72</td> <td>E73</td> <td>E74</td> <td>E75</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Example:</p> 			#T	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Address	E67	E68	E69	E70	E71	E72	E73	E74	E75
	#T	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9																	
Address	E67	E68	E69	E70	E71	E72	E73	E74	E75																		
0.01 mm 0.001 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																									
E76	3-D Entire-width override		M		<p>The override value which becomes valid in case that the depth-of-cut in a radial direction becomes equal to the entire width (diameter) of the tool.</p> <p>Example:</p> 																						
	10%	0 - 9	Immediate																								
E77	3-D Radial cutting allowance for high-speed rough processing (work size appointment)		M		<p>The clearance of high-speed rough processing (work size appointment) between the tool and the figure.</p> 																						
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 999	Immediate																								
E78 ┌ E82				Invalid																							

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
E83	3-D Region of radial machining during high-speed rough processing (offset appointment)		M		<p>That amount of offset from a curved-surface pattern which determines the region of high-speed rough processing (offset appointment) in a radial direction.</p> 		
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate				
E84	3-D Region of axial machining during high-speed rough processing (offset appointment)		M		<p>That distance from the bottom of a curved-surface pattern which determines the region of high-speed rough processing (offset appointment) in an axial direction. Example:</p> 		
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate				

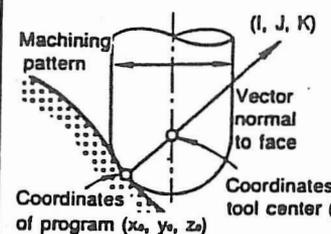
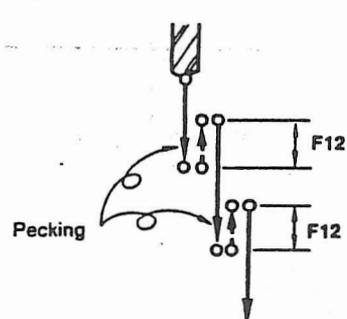
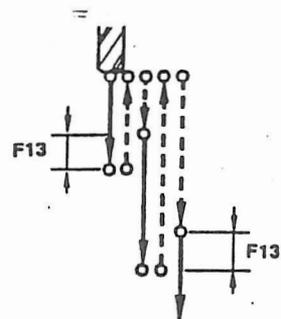
Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR				
Address	Name		Program type		Description					
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions							
E85	3-D Region of radial machining during high-speed rough processing: -X (work size appointment)		M		<p>The factor that determines the region of high-speed rough processing (work size appointment) in a radial direction.</p>					
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate							
E86	3-D Region of radial machining during high-speed rough processing: +X (work size appointment)		M							
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate							
E87	3-D Region of radial machining during high-speed rough processing: -Y (work size appointment)		M							
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate							
E88	3-D Region of radial machining during high-speed rough processing: +Y (work size appointment)		M							
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate							
E89	3-D Region of axial machining during high-speed rough processing (work size appointment)		M					<p>That distance from the bottom of a curved-surface pattern which determines the region of high-speed rough processing (work size appointment) in an axial direction. Example:</p>		
	0.1 mm 0.01 inch	0 - 9999	Immediate							
E90					Invalid					

Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
E91	Tool-path pattern selection for endmilling-relief unit		M		<p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> If bit 0 = 0, tool path based on inside shape is selected automatically, irrespective of value of bit 7. If bit 0 = 1 and bit 7 = 0, fixed direction of cutting is selected automatically, irrespective of value of bit 1. Bit 4 becomes valid only for two or more rounds of cutting. 		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
E92	Tool-path pattern selection for pocket milling unit		M				
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
E93	Tool-path pattern selection for pocket milling-relief unit		M				
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
E94	Tool-path pattern selection for pocket milling-hollow unit		M				
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				

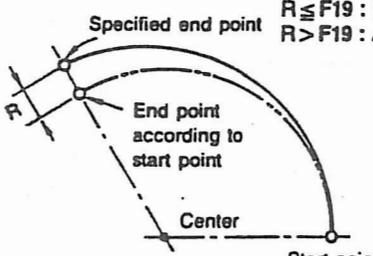
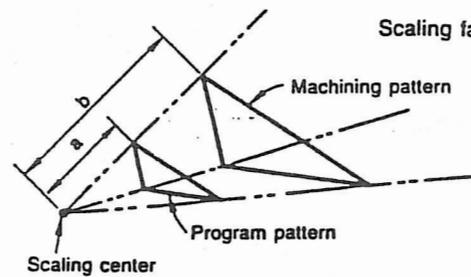
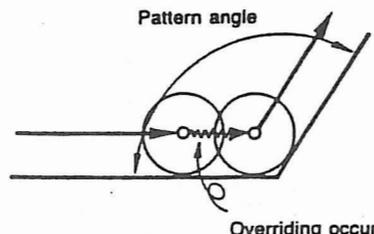
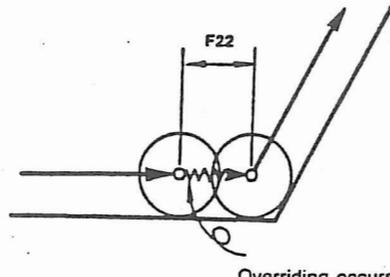
Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR									
Address	Name		Program type		Description										
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions												
E95	Tool-path pattern selection for line-machining unit		M		<div style="text-align: center;"> <table border="1" style="margin: 0 auto;"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> </table> </div> <p>For the 2nd and subsequent rounds of cutting: 0: Not via the approach point 1: Via the approach point</p> <p>For the 2nd and subsequent rounds of cutting: 0: Escape to the Z-axis initial point 1: No escape toward the Z-axis</p> <p>1: Rapid feed up to the intended surface + E9 1: Escape to a position where the workpiece and the tool do not interfere</p> <p>• Bit 2</p> <p style="text-align: center;">bit 2 = 1 bit 2 = 0</p> <p>• Bit 3</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Approach point Escape point</p> <p style="text-align: center;">bit 3 = 0 Initial point</p> <p>• Bit 5</p> <p style="text-align: center;">bit 5 = 0 bit 5 = 1</p> <p>Note: Bit 3 is valid only for inside/outside linear machining unit.</p>			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0								
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate												

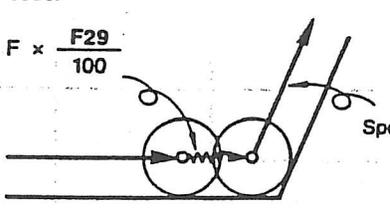
Classification		USER		Display title		LINE/FACE/3-D CUTTING PAR	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
* E96	Tool-path pattern selection for endmilling-groove unit		M		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> 76543210 </div> <p>For the 2nd and subsequent rounds of cutting 0: Not via the approach point 1: Via the approach point 1: Rapid feed up to the intended surface + E9</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
* E97	Tool-path pattern selection for endmilling-top unit		M		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> 76543210 </div> <p>1: Rapid feed up to the intended surface + E9</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
* E98	Cutting method selection for endmilling-relief, pocket milling-hollow unit		M		<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> 76543210 </div> <p>1: The 1st cutting amount exceed the command value at endmilling-relief or pocket hollow-machining.</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	Immediate				
E99 E108					Invalid		

Classification	USER	Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 1
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Address	Name		Program type	Description
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	
F1 ┆ F10				Invalid
F11	Vector constant for 3-D tool-diameter compensation			 $\begin{cases} x = x_0 + \frac{I}{F11} \times \frac{d}{2} \\ y = y_0 + \frac{J}{F11} \times \frac{d}{2} \\ z = z_0 + \frac{K}{F11} \times \frac{d}{2} \end{cases}$ <p>Note: F11 = $\sqrt{I^2 + J^2 + K^2}$ if this parameter is 0.</p>
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch (0.001")	0 - 99999999	Next block	
F12	Return amount of pecking in drill high-speed deep-hole cycle or in G73		M · E	
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 - 99999999	Next block	
F13	Allowance amount of rapid-feed stop in deep-hole drilling cycle or in G83		M · E	
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 - 99999999	Next block	
F14 ┆ F18				Invalid

Classification	USER	Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 1
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Address	Name		Program type	Description
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	
F19	Maximum permissible difference in arc radius		M · E	<p>Maximum radius difference that causes spiral interpolation to be performed when the arc-drawing start point and end point radius that have been specified in the arc command do not agree.</p> <p>$R \leq F19$: Spiral interpolation $R > F19$: Alarm</p> 
	0.001 mm 0.0001 Inch (0.001°)	0 - 9999	Next block	
F20	Fixed value of scaling factor		E	<p>That fixed value of the scaling factor which becomes valid in the case that no value is set (using the address P) in the same block as that of G51.</p> <p>Scaling factor = $\frac{b}{a}$</p> 
	1/1000000	0 - 99999999	Next command	
F21	Maximum inside-corner angle available with automatic corner override (G62)		E	<p>The automatic corner override using the G62 code becomes valid when the following condition of the pattern angle is met: Pattern angle $\leq F21$</p> 
	1°	0 - 179	Next command	
F22	Deceleration area of automatic corner overriding (G62)		E	<p>The area in which automatic corner overriding using the G62 code occurs.</p> 
	0.001 mm 0.0001 Inch (0.001°)	0 - 99999999	Next command	

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
F23 ┆ F26					Invalid		
F27	Fixed value		—				
	—	1	—				
F28	Fixed value		—				
	—	1	—				
F29	Override value of automatic corner overriding (G62)		E		<p>The override value of automatic corner overriding using the G62 code.</p> $F \times \frac{F29}{100}$  <p>Specified feedrate F</p> <p>Note: The automatic corner overriding is invalid when this parameter is 0.</p>		
	1%	0 - 100	Next command				
F30	Fixed value		—				
	—	88	—				
F31	Fixed value		—				
	—	85	—				
F32	Fixed value		—				
	—	65	—				
F33	Fixed value		—				
	—	89	—				

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
F34	Fixed value		—				
	—	86	—				
F35	Fixed value		—				
	—	66	—				
F36	Fixed value		—				
	—	90	—				
F37	Fixed value		—				
	—	87	—				
F38	Fixed value		—				
	—	67	—				
F39	Fixed value		—				
	—	1	—				
F40					Invalid		
F41	Fixed value		—				
	—	1	—				

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
F42	Deceleration area r		E		Distance (r) between the starting point of movement at measuring speed and the measuring point This data is used when argument R is omitted in G37 command format. G37 Z_R_D_F_; (G37)		
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 ~ 99999999	After stop of movement				
F43	Deceleration area d		E		Range (d) where the tool should stop is commanded. This data is used when argument D is omitted in G37 command format. G37 Z_R_Dd F_; (G37)		
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 ~ 99999999	After stop of movement				
F44	Measuring speed f		E		Measuring speed (f) This data is used when argument F is omitted in G37 command format. G37 Z_R_D_Ff; Standard setting: 1 ~ 60000 mm/min f ~ 2362 inch/min (G37)		
	1 mm/min 1 inch/min	0 ~ 120000	After stop of movement				
F45 F66					Invalid		
F67	Tool-life integration display during EIA/ISO program execution		M * E		This parameter is used to specify whether or not the TOOL DATA display is to be used for integration of tool operation time existing during EIA/ISO program execution. 0: Only the TOOL LIFE INDEX display is used for integration. 1: Both the TOOL LIFE INDEX display and the TOOL DATA display are used for integration.		
	-	0, 1	Immediate				

Classification		USER		Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 1
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
F68	Fixed value		—		
	—	0	—		
F69	EIA/ISO program restart method		E	<p>This parameter is used to select the method of specifying the EIA/ISO program restarting position. Two methods are available:</p> <p>0: The whole program, including the subprograms, is subjected to this processing. Set the sequence number, block number and number of times of repetition as counted from the beginning part of the main program.</p> <p>1: The subprogram including the desired restart position can be specified. After setting the work number of the corresponding program, set the sequence number, block number, and number of times of repetition as counted from the beginning part.</p>	
	—	0, 1	Immediate		
F70				Invalid	
F71	Machining order control		M	<p>Tool priority and multiple-machining priority selection</p> <p>0: Identical-tool priority function is executed first.</p> <p>1: Multiple-machining function is executed first.</p> <p>Example: Multiple-machining of two workpieces using a spot drill.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>F71 = 0</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>F71 = 1</p> </div> </div>	
	—	0 ~ 255	Immediate		
F72				Invalid	
F73	M code execution time for time study		M · E	The tool-path check time study time that is accumulated each time a M code is output.	
	0.01 sec.	0 ~ 10000	Immediate		
F74	S code execution time for time study		M · E	The tool-path check time study time that is accumulated each time a S code is output.	
	0.01 sec.	0 ~ 10000	Immediate		
F75	T code execution time for time study		M · E	The tool-path check time study time that is accumulated each time a T code is output.	
	0.01 sec.	0 ~ 10000	Immediate		

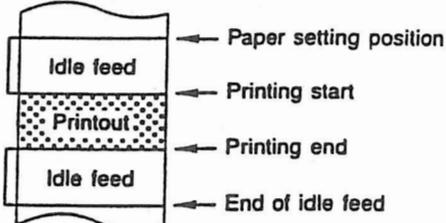
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
F76	B code execution time for time study		M * E		The tool-path check time study time that is accumulated each time a B code is output.		
	0.01 sec.	0 ~ 10000	Immediate				
F77					Invalid		
F81							
F82	Total erasing of programs		M * E		0: Erasing of programs other than protected ones 1: Total erasing of programs (Format) If you want to protect programs with 8000 number mark and 9000 number mark by program management function (parameter H91), set 0. (Standard setting) (Program management function)		
	-	0, 1	Immediate				
F83					Invalid		

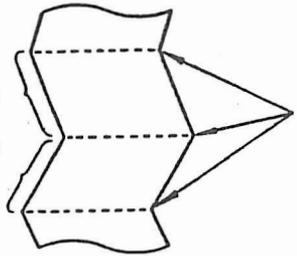
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1																																																																	
Address	Name		Program type		Description																																																																		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																																																																				
* F84	Tool tip position display during EIA program execution		E		1: Tool offset data is taken into account for the current-position counter during execution of EIA programs.																																																																		
	—	0 ~ 255	Immediate																																																																				
F85 F90					Invalid																																																																		
F91	— <i>00010010</i>		M · E		<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">7</td><td style="text-align: center;">6</td><td style="text-align: center;">5</td><td style="text-align: center;">4</td><td style="text-align: center;">3</td><td style="text-align: center;">2</td><td style="text-align: center;">1</td><td style="text-align: center;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8">↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> In response to move command without decimal point: 0: Tool moves by 1/1. 1: Tool moves by 10/1. Note: Valid only when bit 5 = 0 </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> * Coordinate system shift using a MAZATROL program 0: Invalid 1: Valid </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> 0: Metric 1: Inch </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> In response to .move command without decimal point: 0: Tool moves in 0.001 mm (0.0001 inch) increments. 1: Tool moves in 1 mm (1 inch) increments. Note: Valid only when parameter M10 = 10 </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> 0: G00 interpolation 1: G00 non-interpolation </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="8"> * 0: Stroke inside check before movement 1: Stroke outside check before movement </td> </tr> </table>			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	↑↑↑↑↑↑↑↑								In response to move command without decimal point: 0: Tool moves by 1/1. 1: Tool moves by 10/1. Note: Valid only when bit 5 = 0								* Coordinate system shift using a MAZATROL program 0: Invalid 1: Valid								0: Metric 1: Inch								In response to .move command without decimal point: 0: Tool moves in 0.001 mm (0.0001 inch) increments. 1: Tool moves in 1 mm (1 inch) increments. Note: Valid only when parameter M10 = 10								0: G00 interpolation 1: G00 non-interpolation								* 0: Stroke inside check before movement 1: Stroke outside check before movement							
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Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	Conditions			
F92	<p><i>0010/0000</i></p> <p>—</p>		M · E		<p>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7: Modal at power-on or at reset 0: G17 or G19 1: G18 6: Modal at power-on or at reset 0: G17 or G18 1: G19 5: Fixed value [0] 4: Tool-length compensation (G43 or G44) axis 0: Program command axis 1: Z-axis fixed 3: Tool-diameter compensation (G41 or G42) start up/cancel type 0: Type A 1: Type B 2: Tool-diameter compensation (G41 or G42) interference check 0: Alarm stop occurs to prevent overcutting. 1: Tool path is changed to ensure no overcutting. 1: Fixed-cycle hole-drilling axis 0: Plane selection using G17, G18 or G19. 1: Z-axis fixed 0: Tool diameter compensation using an EIA/ISO program 0: Tool offset fixed 1: Tool data valid 		
					Bit	Binary eight digits	At power-on
F93	<p><i>01</i></p> <p>—</p>		M · E		<p>7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7: Modal at power-on or at reset 0: G94 (Feed in minutes) 1: G95 (Feed in revolutions) 6: Modal at power-on or at reset 0: G91 (Incremental-value command) 1: G90 (Absolute-value command) 5: 1: Tool length of tool data becomes valid with EIA/ISO 4: Feedrate during machine lock 0: Specified feedrate 1: Rapid feedrate 3: Middle point during reference-point return 0: Return through middle point to reference point 1: Return directly to reference point 2: User macro operation instruction in single-block state 0: Single-block stop does not occur. (For operation) 1: Single-block stop occurs. (For test) 1: Fixed value [0] 		
					Bit	Binary eight digits	At power-on

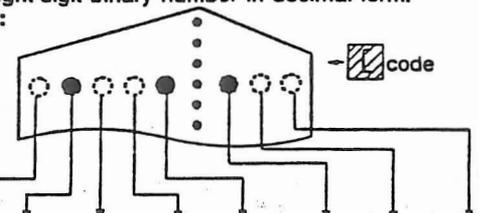
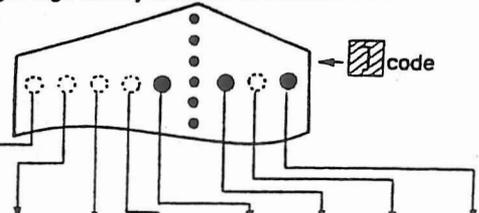
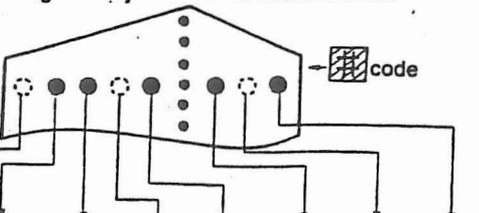
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 1							
Address	Name		Program type		Description								
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions										
F94				M · E	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↑ Movement to hole-drilling position in fixed-cycle mode 0: Depends on modal state (G00 or G01) 1: Fixed at rapid feedrate (G00) ↑ 0: External deceleration signal valid ↑ 1: External deceleration signal invalid ↑ Tool length offsetting during G28/G30 execution 0: Offsetting is canceled. 1: Offsetting is performed. ↑ Modal at power-on or at reset 0: G01 (Linear interpolation) 1: G00 (Positioning) ↑ Tool command method using T codes 0: Assignment of group number on TOOL LIFE INDEX display 1: Pocket number assignment ↑ Spare-tool selection method for EIA/ISO program 0: Natural order of pocket number 1: Order of least tool operation time first ↑ 0: Incomplete synchronous tapping cycle ↑ 1: Complete synchronous tapping cycle Fixed value [1]
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At power-on										
F95				M · E	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↑ Interrupt function using user macro instruction 0: Invalid 1: Valid ↑ Handling of interrupt macroprogram 0: Handled equally to interrupt call. 1: Handled equally to subprogram call. Fixed value [0] ↑ G00 (positioning) command feedrate for dry run 0: Rapid feedrate 1: Feedrate for dry run ↑ Manual-pulse interrupt amount cancellation with reset key 0: Invalid 1: Valid ↑ With reset key 0: Coordinate system corresponding to G54 1: Coordinate system that had been used until resetting was done
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At power-on										
F96 ┌ F108				Invalid									

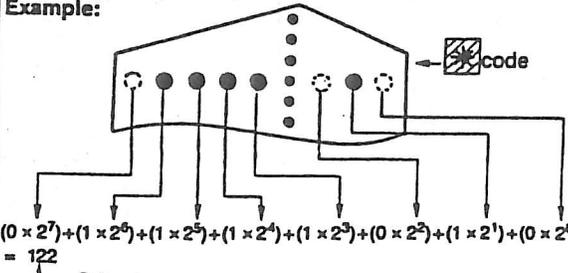
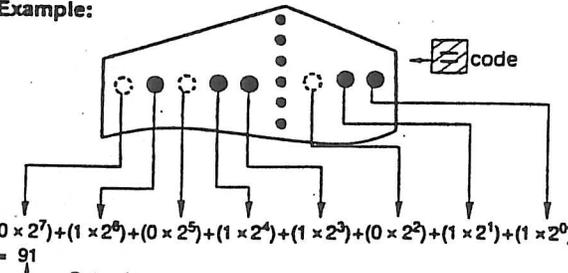
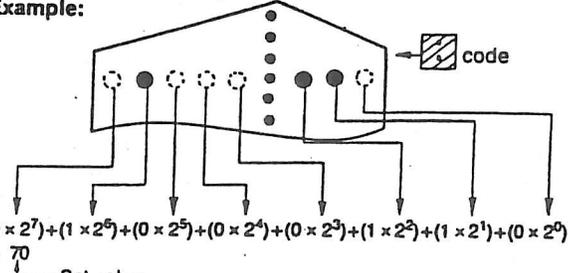
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2																			
Address	Name		Program type		Description																				
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																						
G1 2	CMT baud rate		M * E		CMT baud rate (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Baud rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>19200</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>9600</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>4800</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>2400</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>1200</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>300</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>110</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Baud rate	0	19200	1	9600	2	4800	3	2400	4	1200	5	600	6	300	7	110
	Setting	Baud rate																							
0	19200																								
1	9600																								
2	4800																								
3	2400																								
4	1200																								
5	600																								
6	300																								
7	110																								
-	0 ~ 7	At I/O startup																							
G2 5 G8					Invalid																				
G9	-		M * E		<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p> Forced loading of tool data (Common to CMT and DNC) 0: When loading conditions are not in agreement, forced loading is not performed. 1: When loading conditions are not in agreement, forced loading is performed. </p> <p> Superscription of program data (Common to CMT and PTP) 0: When receiving a program of the same work number, an alarm shall be given. 1: When receiving a program of the same work number, the superscription shall be made. </p> <p style="text-align: right;">(I/O superscription)</p>			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0										
	7	6	5	4				3	2	1	0														
Bit	Binary eight digits	At I/O startup																							

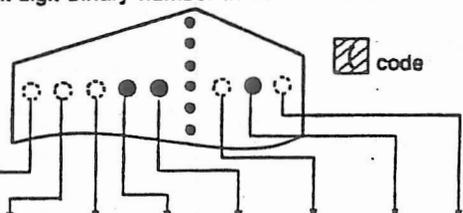
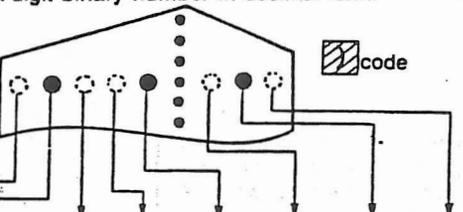
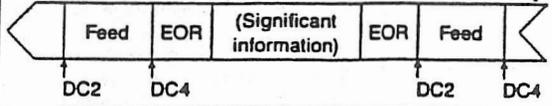
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2																	
Address	Name		Program type		Description																		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																				
G10	Printer baud rate		M · E		Printer baud rate (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Baud rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>19200</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>9600</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>4800</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>2400</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>1200</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>300</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>110</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Setting	Baud rate	0	19200	1	9600	2	4800	3	2400	4	1200	5	600	6	300	7	110
	Setting	Baud rate																					
0	19200																						
1	9600																						
2	4800																						
3	2400																						
4	1200																						
5	600																						
6	300																						
7	110																						
	—	0 - 7	At I/O startup																				
G11	Number of printer paper feed lines		M · E		The number of lines through which printer paper is to be fed at the start and end of printing. 																		
	1 line	0 - 255	At I/O startup																				

Classification		USER		Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 2															
Address	Name		Program type	Description																
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																	
G12	Total number of lines per page of printer paper		M · E	<p>The maximum total number of lines per page that can be printed out on printer paper. This parameter becomes valid when printing a program with a length of more than one page.</p> 																
	1 line	0 - 255	At I/O startup																	
G13 G18				Invalid																
G19	Baud rate for paper tape reader/puncher		E	<p>Baud rate for paper tape reader/puncher (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Baud rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>9600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>4800</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>2400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>1200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>600</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>110</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Setting	Baud rate	1	9600	2	4800	3	2400	4	1200	5	600	6	300	7	110
	Setting	Baud rate																		
1	9600																			
2	4800																			
3	2400																			
4	1200																			
5	600																			
6	300																			
7	110																			
—	0 - 7	At I/O startup																		
G20	Number of stop bits for paper tape reader/puncher		E	<p>Number of stop bits for paper tape reader/puncher (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>No. of stop bits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>1.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Setting	No. of stop bits	1	1	2	1.5	3	2								
	Setting	No. of stop bits																		
1	1																			
2	1.5																			
3	2																			
—	1 - 3	At I/O startup																		
G21	Type of parity for paper tape reader/puncher		E	<p>Type of parity for paper tape reader/puncher (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Type of parity</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Even</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Odd</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: This parameter is valid only when G22 is 1.</p>	Setting	Type of parity	0	Even	1	Odd										
	Setting	Type of parity																		
0	Even																			
1	Odd																			
—	0,1	At I/O startup																		

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2											
Address	Name		Program type		Description												
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions														
G22	Parity check of paper tape reader/puncher		E		Parity check of paper tape reader/puncher (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Parity check</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Invalid</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Valid</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Note: If this parameter is set to 1 (valid), then select whether even or odd parity is to be set using the G21 parameter.			Setting	Parity check	0	Invalid	1	Valid				
	Setting	Parity check															
0	Invalid																
1	Valid																
—	0,1	At I/O startup															
G23	Number of data bits for paper tape reader/puncher		E		Number of data bits for paper tape reader/puncher (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>No. of data bits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	No. of data bits	0	5	1	6	2	7	3	8
	Setting	No. of data bits															
0	5																
1	6																
2	7																
3	8																
—	0 - 3	At I/O startup															
G24	Fixed value		—														
	—	1	—														
G25	Fixed value		—														
	—	0	—														
G26	Fixed value		—														
	—	0	—														
G27	Output of CR during ISO code punching		E		This parameter is used to specify whether or not CR is to be placed in front of LF (separation of blocks) during ISO code punching. 0: No placement of CR 1: Placement of CR												
	—	0, 1	At I/O startup														
G28	Fixed value		—														
	—	0	—														
G29	Paper tape reader/puncher handshaking method		E		This parameter is used to select the method of handshaking to control the state of data transfer between the NC system and tape reader/puncher. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Complies with device connection RTS/CTS.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>No control</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Complies with control code DC1 through DC4.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Description	1	Complies with device connection RTS/CTS.	2	No control	3	Complies with control code DC1 through DC4.		
	Setting	Description															
1	Complies with device connection RTS/CTS.																
2	No control																
3	Complies with control code DC1 through DC4.																
—	1 - 3	At I/O startup															

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2																							
Address	Name		Program type		Description																								
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																										
G30	Paper tape reader/puncher DC code parity		E		This parameter is used to specify whether or not a parity bit is to be assigned to the DC code to be output. <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Parity</th> <th colspan="4">DC3 code</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>No assignment</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>●</td> <td>○</td> <td>●</td> <td>○</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Assignment</td> <td>●</td> <td></td> <td>●</td> <td>○</td> <td>●</td> <td>○</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Parity	DC3 code				0	No assignment			●	○	●	○	1	Assignment	●		●	○	●	○
	Setting	Parity	DC3 code																										
0	No assignment			●	○	●	○																						
1	Assignment	●		●	○	●	○																						
	—	0,1	At I/O startup		Note: This parameter is valid only when G29 is 3.																								
G31	" [" code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E		This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " [" onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:  $(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (0 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (0 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 76$ Set value																								
		—	0 - 255	10 At I/O startup																									
G32	"] " code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E		This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code "] " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:  $(0 \times 2^7) + (0 \times 2^6) + (1 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 13$ Set value																								
		—	0 - 255	13 At I/O startup																									
G33	" # " code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E		This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " # " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:  $(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) = 109$ Set value																								
		—	0 - 255	109 At I/O startup																									

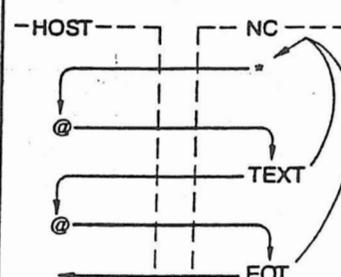
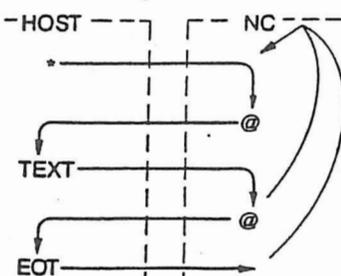
Classification		USER		Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 2
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
G34	" * " code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E	<p>This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " * " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p>  $(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (1 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) = 122$ <p>Set value</p>	
	—	0 - 255	122 At I/O startup		
G35	" = " code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E	<p>This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " = " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p>  $(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (1 \times 2^0) = 91$ <p>Set value</p>	
	—	0 - 255	91 At I/O startup		
G36	" : " code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E	<p>This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " : " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p>  $(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (0 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0) = 70$ <p>Set value</p>	
	—	0 - 255	70 At I/O startup		

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2																		
Address	Name		Program type		Description																			
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																					
G37	" (" code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E		<p>This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code " (" onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p>  <p>$(0 \times 2^7) + (0 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0)$ = 26 Set value</p>																			
	—	26 0 - 255	At I/O startup																					
G38)) code for paper tape reader/puncher for EIA		E		<p>This parameter is used to set a hole-drilling pattern for reading or punching the character code ") " onto a paper tape reader/puncher using EIA. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p>  <p>$(0 \times 2^7) + (1 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (0 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (0 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0)$ = 74 Set value</p>																			
	—	74 0 - 255	At I/O startup																					
G39	Rewind code for paper tape reader		E		<p>The paper-tape rewind command code that is output onto a tape reader. This code is output either when M30 is executed in tape run mode or when a paper-tape load or compare operation is performed with parameter G48 set to 1. Set an eight-digit binary number in decimal form. Example:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="868 1308 1201 1383"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>Bit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>○</td><td>○</td><td>○</td><td>●</td><td>●</td><td>●</td><td>●</td><td>○</td><td>Code</td> </tr> </table> <p>$(0 \times 2^7) + (0 \times 2^6) + (0 \times 2^5) + (1 \times 2^4) + (1 \times 2^3) + (1 \times 2^2) + (1 \times 2^1) + (0 \times 2^0)$ = 30 Set value</p>	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Bit	○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	Code	
	7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0	Bit														
○	○	○	●	●	●	●	○	Code																
—	0 - 255	At I/O startup																						
G40	Feed-section DC code output onto paper tape puncher		E		<p>Select whether or not DC2 and DC4 codes are to be output to the feed sections which will be generated at the beginning and end of paper tape punching.</p>  <table border="1" data-bbox="779 1691 1250 1862"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Neither DC2 nor DC4 is output.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Only DC2 is not output.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Only DC4 is not output.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Both DC2 and DC4 are output.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Note: This parameter is valid only when G29 is 2.</p>	Setting	Description	0	Neither DC2 nor DC4 is output.	1	Only DC2 is not output.	2	Only DC4 is not output.	3	Both DC2 and DC4 are output.									
	Setting	Description																						
0	Neither DC2 nor DC4 is output.																							
1	Only DC2 is not output.																							
2	Only DC4 is not output.																							
3	Both DC2 and DC4 are output.																							
—	0 - 3	At I/O startup																						

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions	Conditions			
G41	Number of characters in feed section for paper tape puncher		E		<p>The number of characters in NULL (feed) that are to be punched at the beginning and end of paper tape.</p>		
	1 character	0 - 65535	At I/O startup				
G42	Paper tape reader/puncher reply waiting time		E		<p>The waiting time for replies from the paper tape reader or puncher during paper tape reading or punching. An alarm occurs if this time elapses following the final reply.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	0 - 65535	At I/O startup				
G43	Paper tape puncher EIA/ISO output selection and parity-V check		E		<p>0: Paper tape punching in ISO code 1: Paper tape punching in EIA code</p> <p>0: No parity-V check during paper tape reading 1: Parity-V check during paper tape reading</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At I/O startup				
G44	Number of characters in the space between O-number and program for paper tape puncher		E		<p>The total number of characters that are punched out between O-number and program section.</p>		
	1 character	0 - 65535	At I/O startup				
G45	Number of characters in the space between programs for paper tape puncher		E		<p>The total number of characters that are punched out between programs when more than one program are punched onto paper tape.</p>		
	1 character	0 - 65535	At I/O startup				
G46	Program-name tape input/output		M-E		<p>Select whether program name tape input/output is to be made valid or invalid during paper tape reading/punching.</p> <p>0: Program name tape input/output is made invalid. 1: Program name tape input/output is made valid.</p>		
	-	0, 1	At I/O startup				
G47	Program end code for paper tape reader 0 (or:) code		E		<p>This parameter is used to specify whether or not character code 0 (or:) is to be set as the program end code when paper tape containing more than one program is read.</p> <p>0: Code 0 (or:) is not set as the program end code. 1: Code 0 (or:) is set as the program end code.</p>		
	-	0, 1	At I/O startup				
G48	Presence/absence of paper tape reader rewind function		E		<p>The parameter that is used to specify whether or not the paper tape reader has a rewind function. If 1 is set (rewind function present), then the code of parameter G39 will be output onto the reader at the completion of a paper tape load or compare operation.</p> <p>0: Rewind function absent 1: Rewind function present</p>		
	-	0, 1	At I/O startup				

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2													
Address	Name		Program type		Description														
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																
G49	All-loading enable or disable of M2 all punched tape		E		The parameter used to select whether all-loading of the paper tape onto which the M2 program has been all-punched is to be enabled or to be disabled. 0: All-loading disabled 1: All-loading enabled														
	-	0, 1	At I/O start																
G50	Program end code (M) for paper tape reader		E		The parameter that is used to specify whether or not M02, M30 and M99 are to be set as the program end codes for paper tape reading. (0: Set as program end, 1: Not set as program end)														
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At I/O startup																
G51 & G53	Program end code of MAZATROL program DC control function		M		For paper tape reader/puncher, set a character string output to the program end of MAZATROL program by hexadecimals of ASCII code. For example, when a character string of END is output to the program end: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>G51</th> <th>G52</th> <th>G53</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Character string</td> <td>E</td> <td>N</td> <td>D</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Set value</td> <td>45</td> <td>4E</td> <td>44</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				G51	G52	G53	Character string	E	N	D	Set value	45	4E	44
		G51	G52	G53															
Character string	E	N	D																
Set value	45	4E	44																
ASCII	Hexadecimal number	At I/O startup		(MAZATROL program DC control)															
G54					Invalid														

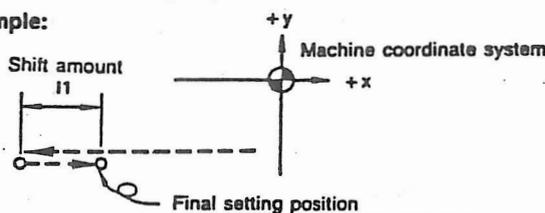
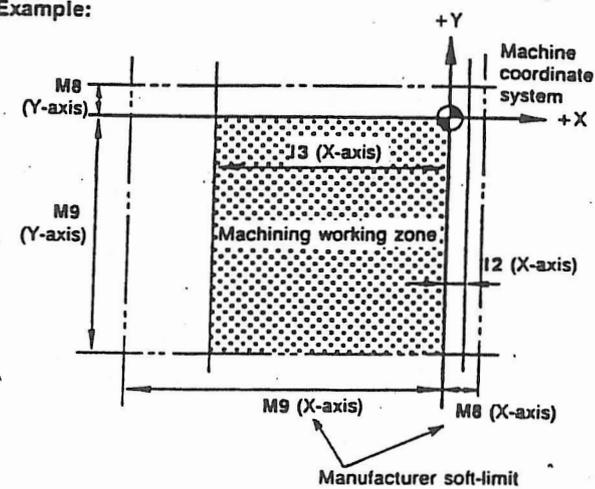
Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2																			
Address	Name		Program type		Description																				
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																						
G55	Baud rate for DNC		M · E		Baud rate for DNC. (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Baud rate</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>19200</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>9600</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>4800</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>2400</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>1200</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>600</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>300</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>110</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Baud rate	0	19200	1	9600	2	4800	3	2400	4	1200	5	600	6	300	7	110
	Setting	Baud rate																							
0	19200																								
1	9600																								
2	4800																								
3	2400																								
4	1200																								
5	600																								
6	300																								
7	110																								
—	0 - 7	At I/O startup																							
G56	Number of stop bits in DNC		M · E		Number of stop bits in DNC. (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>No. of stop bits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>1.5</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>2</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	No. of stop bits	1	1	2	1.5	3	2										
	Setting	No. of stop bits																							
1	1																								
2	1.5																								
3	2																								
—	1 - 3	At I/O startup																							
G57	Type of parity of DNC		M · E		Type of parity of DNC. (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Type of parity</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Even</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Odd</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Type of parity	0	Even	1	Odd												
	Setting	Type of parity																							
0	Even																								
1	Odd																								
—	0, 1	At I/O startup		Note: This parameter is valid only when G58 is 1.																					
G58	Parity check of DNC		M · E		Parity check of DNC. (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>Parity check</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>Invalid</td></tr> <tr><td>1</td><td>Valid</td></tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	Parity check	0	Invalid	1	Valid												
	Setting	Parity check																							
0	Invalid																								
1	Valid																								
—	0, 1	At I/O startup		Note: If this parameter is set to 1 (valid), then select even or odd parity using the G57 parameter.																					

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2											
Address	Name		Program type		Description												
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions														
G59	Number of data bits in DNC		M · E		Number of data bits in DNC. (Parameter for RS-232C interface initialization) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setting</th> <th>No. of data bits</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Setting	No. of data bits	0	5	1	6	2	7	3	8
	Setting	No. of data bits															
0	5																
1	6																
2	7																
3	8																
—	0 - 3	At I/O startup															
G60 { G90					Invalid												
G91	Number of NC transmission retries during DNC file transfer		M · E		This parameter is used to set the number of times that the * code or TEXT is to be repeatedly transmitted to a host system in the case that the @ code is not sent from the host system within the waiting time which has been set using the G99 parameter.  <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Retransmitted if @ is not received.</p>												
	Once	0 - 255	At I/O startup														
G92	Number of NC reception retries during DNC file transfer		M · E		This parameter is used to set the number of times that the @ code is to be repeatedly transmitted to a host system in the case that the EOT code or TEXT from the host system is not received within the waiting time which has been set using the G100 parameter.  <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Initialized if EOT or TEXT is not received.</p>												
	Once	0 - 255	At I/O startup														
G93	Number of NC transmission/reception retries during DNC command message transfer		M · E		This parameter is used to set the number of times that transmission/reception of command messages is to be repeated in the case that it is not correctly performed. This parameter has almost the same meaning as that of parameters G91 and G92, except that command messages are interchanged in the case of G93 and files are interchanged in the case of G91 and G92.												
	Once	0 - 255	At I/O startup														

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
G94 ┆ G97					Invalid		
G98				M · E	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0</div> <div style="margin-left: 10px;">(1: Valid, 0: Invalid)</div> </div> <p>After program reception, a search is made for the work number of that program.</p> <p>Details of an alarm occurring in DNC are displayed.</p> <p>Loading of programs having the same work number as that of the registered program in NC becomes impossible.</p> <p>The function of the PROGRAM LOCK/ENABLE switch is released.</p> <p>All programs having work numbers smaller than No. 9000 are erased at the start of program reception.</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At I/O startup				
G99	@ waiting time during DNC transmission			M · E	<p>The NC waiting time from transmission of * or TEXT to reception of @ from the host system.</p> <p>Note: See the description of parameter G91.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	1 - 255	At I/O startup				
G100	* /TEXT waiting time during DNC transmission			M · E	<p>The NC waiting time from transmission of @ or EOT to reception of * or TEXT from the host system.</p> <p>Note: See the description of parameter G92.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	1 - 255	At I/O startup				

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 2	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
G101	EOT waiting time during DNC transmission		M · E		<p>The NC waiting time from transmission of @ to reception of EOT from the host system.</p> <p>Note: See the description of parameter G92.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	1 - 255	At I/O startup				
G102	NC stop time after reception of I		M · E		<p>The NC stop time from reception of I from the host system to transmission of *.</p> <p>Code * is transmitted to the host system if the time that has been set with G102 elapses following reception of I.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	0 - 255	At I/O startup				
G103	NC reset time after digital-out		M · E		<p>The time from the moment the NC receives the digital-out command to the moment the NC internally resets this command.</p>		
	0.1 sec.	0 - 255	At I/O startup				
G104	NC stop time from reception		M · E		<p>For NC transmission The NC stop time from reception of @ from the host system to transmission of EOT or TEXT.</p> <p>For NC reception The NC stop time from reception of * or TEXT from the host system to transmission of @.</p>		
	0.01 sec.	0 - 255	At I/O startup				

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
H1 ┆ H90					Invalid		
* H91	Program management function		M ° E		<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0</div> <div style="margin-left: 10px;"> <p>Program management function</p> <p>┆ Edit inhibition (9000 number mark)</p> <p>┆ Display inhibition (9000 number mark)</p> <p>┆ Edit inhibition (8000 number mark and 9000 number mark)</p> <p>┆ Display inhibition (8000 number mark and 9000 number mark)</p> </div> </div>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	At power on		(Program management function)		
H92 ┆ H108					Invalid		

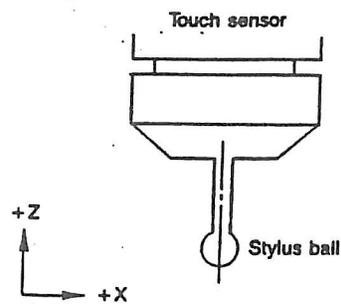
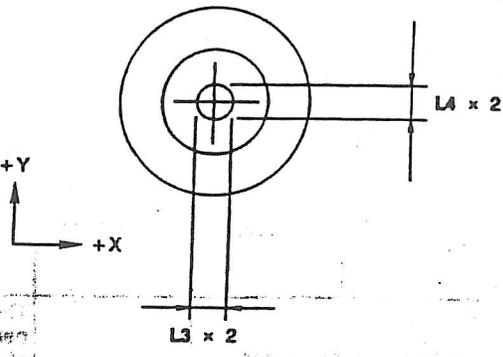
Classification		USER		Display title	USER PARAMETER NO. 4
Address	Name		Program type	Description	
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions		
I1	Shift amount of unidirectional positioning (G60)		M · E	<p>The amount and direction of shift from the final setting position during unidirectional positioning of the point-machining or during execution of G60.</p> <p>I1 < 0 : Positioning in minus direction I1 > 0 : Positioning in plus direction</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch (0.001°)	0 - ±99999999	After stop of movement		
I2	Upper (plus direction) user soft-limit		M · E	<p>The parameter used to define the machine working zone in order to prevent machine interference with the work or jigs. Set the coordinate values of the machine coordinate system.</p> <p>Example:</p> 	
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch (0.001°)	0 - ±99999999	After stop of movement		
I3	Lower (minus direction) user soft-limit		M · E	<p>If the machine is likely to overstep its working zone, an alarm will occur and the machine will stop.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. These parameters are valid only when bit 2 of I14 is 0. 2. These parameters are invalid if I2 = I3. 	
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch (0.001°)	0 - ±99999999	After stop of movement		
I4 I5 I10				Invalid	

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 4									
Address	Name		Program type		Description										
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions												
I11	Rotary center of a workpiece		E		Set the rotary center of a workpiece at a table angle of 0° for each axis in the machine coordinate system. (Valid only in manual operation) (Dynamic compensation)										
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 ~ ±99999999	After stop of movement												
I12					Invalid										
I13			M * E		<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> </table> <p> Upon execution of G28 (reference-point return): 0: Memory-type zero-point return 1: Watchdog-type zero-point return Upon manual zero-point return operation: 0: Memory-type zero-point return (At power-on, however, watchdog-type zero-point return) 1: Watchdog-type zero-point return Removal of control axes 0: No (Not removed) 1: Yes (Removed) </p>			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	7	6	5	4				3	2	1	0				
Bit	Binary eight digits	After stop of movement													

Classification		USER		Display title		USER PARAMETER NO. 4																																									
Address	Name		Program type		Description																																										
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions																																												
I14		—	M · E		<table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>7</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>4</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"> Mirror image with respect to the machine zero-point. 0: Invalid 1: Valid </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"> User software limits (I2, I3) 0: Valid 1: Invalid </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"> Tool-tip relief after spindle orientation during execution of G75, G76, G86 or point-machining (boring or back-boring) 0: Required 1: Not required </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2"> Direction of the relief mentioned above 0: Plus 1: Minus </td> </tr> </table>			7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0							Mirror image with respect to the machine zero-point. 0: Invalid 1: Valid								User software limits (I2, I3) 0: Valid 1: Invalid								Tool-tip relief after spindle orientation during execution of G75, G76, G86 or point-machining (boring or back-boring) 0: Required 1: Not required								Direction of the relief mentioned above 0: Plus 1: Minus	
	7	6	5	4				3	2	1	0																																				
						Mirror image with respect to the machine zero-point. 0: Invalid 1: Valid																																									
						User software limits (I2, I3) 0: Valid 1: Invalid																																									
						Tool-tip relief after spindle orientation during execution of G75, G76, G86 or point-machining (boring or back-boring) 0: Required 1: Not required																																									
						Direction of the relief mentioned above 0: Plus 1: Minus																																									
	Bit	Binary eight digits	After stop of movement																																												
I15					Invalid																																										
I16																																															

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 2	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
* K72	G37 skip condition		E		<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">4</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">3</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-right: 5px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">0</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;">(1: Valid 0: Invalid)</div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X178 Touch sensor skip signal <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X179 <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17A <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17B <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17C Decelerating signal of measuring table <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17D Skip signal of measuring table <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17E <li style="margin-bottom: 5px;">—X17F <p>Standard setting: Fixed value 00100000</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(G37)</p>		
	Bit	Binary eight digits	After stop of movement				

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
L1	Stylus eccentricity of touch sensor (X-component)		M		<p>The eccentricity of the stylus of the touch sensor with respect to the center of the spindle.</p>		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 ~ ±99999999	At power-on				
L2	Stylus eccentricity of touch sensor (Y-component)		M		<p>Note: These data are automatically set when calibration measurement is performed on the MMS unit.</p>		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 ~ ±99999999	At power-on				

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
L3	Radius of stylus ball of touch sensor (X-component)		M		<p>The true radius value of the stylus ball of the touch sensor.</p> 		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 - ±99999999	At power-on				
L4	Radius of stylus ball of touch sensor (Y-component)		M				
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 - ±99999999	At power-on				

Note:
These data are automatically set when calibration measurement is performed on the MMS unit.

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
L5	Z-axis stroke for tip position memory (TEACH function)		M · E		<p>The distance from the spindle endface to the table surface (or the reference block on the pallet) existing when the Z-axis is in the machine zero-point position.</p>		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 - ±99999999	Immediate				
L6	Tool-breakage judgment distance for TBR		M		<p>The minimum tool displacement by which the tool is judged to be a broken one as a result of execution of the tool breakage detection function. If (registered tool length data) - (tool length data that has been measured during the detecting operation) ≥ L6, then the tool is judged broken.</p>		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 - ±99999999	Immediate				
L7	Tool breakage restoration mode for TBR.		M		<p>The parameter for selecting the type of restoration to be performed after tool breakage has been detected as a result of execution of the tool breakage detection function.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Single-block stop. 2. Machining restarts from the next process. 3. Single-block stop occurs in a state where machining can be restarted from the next process. 		
	—	1 - 3	Immediate				
L8	Skipping stroke limit for MMS.		M		<p>The maximum skipping movement distance for the measurement with the MMS unit. An alarm message will appear if the touch sensor has not come into contact with the workpiece within this distance.</p>		
	0.0001 mm 0.00001 inch	0 - ±99999999	Immediate				

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 3	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
L51	Tool command system by MDI		M		Tool command system in MDI operation (Tool on the spindle and next time tool) 0: Command of pocket number 1: Command of group number (MDI tool command)		
	-	0, 1	Immediate				
L57	Rewriting to tool data during automatic operation		E		Data of tools other than a tool on the spindle shall be capable of rewriting during automatic operation with an EIA/ISO program. 0: Invalid 1: Valid (Rewriting of tool data)		
	-	0, 1	Immediate				

Classification		MACHINE		Display title		MACH CONSTANT PAR NO. 8	
Address	Name		Program type		Description		
	Unit	Setting range	Conditions				
S5	Rotational center of the table		M * E		Set for each axis the position of the rotational center of the table in the machine coordinate system. Also, set those positions for each machine. (Dynamic compensation)		
	0.001 mm 0.0001 inch	0 ~ ± 99999999	At power on				